BYW28 Series

Ultra Fast Low-loss Controlled Avalanche Rectifiers

Features

- Glass passivated
- High maximum operating temperature
- Low leakage current
- Excellent stability
- Guaranteed avalanche energy absorption capability.

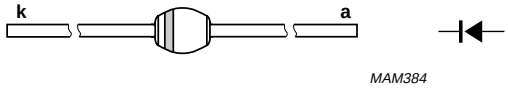


Fig.1 Simplified outline (SOD115) and symbol.

Applications

Rugged glass SOD115 package, using a high temperature alloyed construction.

The package is hermetically sealed and fatigue free as coefficients of expansion of all used parts are matched.

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{RRM}	repetitive peak reverse voltage				
	BYW28-500		–	500	V
	BYW28-600		–	600	V
V_R	continuous reverse voltage				
	BYW28-500		–	500	V
	BYW28-600		–	600	V
$I_{F(AV)}$	average forward current	T_{tp} = 85 °C; lead length = 10 mm; see Fig.2; averaged over any 20 ms period; see also Fig.6	–	4	A
		T_{amb} = 60 °C; printed-circuit board mounting (see Fig.11); see Fig.3; averaged over any 20 ms period; see also Fig.6	–	1.7	A
I_{FRM}	repetitive peak forward current	T_{tp} = 85 °C; see Fig.4	–	46	A
		T_{amb} = 60 °C; see Fig.5	–	21	A
I_{FSM}	non-repetitive peak forward current	t = 10 ms half sine wave; $T_j = T_{j\,max}$ prior to surge; $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$	–	170	A
E_{RSM}	non-repetitive peak reverse avalanche energy	L = 120 mH; $T_j = T_{j\,max}$ prior to surge; inductive load switched off	–	20	mJ
T_{stg}	storage temperature		–65	+175	°C
T_j	junction temperature	see Fig.7	–65	+175	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

T_j = 25 °C unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V_F	forward voltage	I_F = 3.5 A; $T_j = T_{j\,max}$; see Fig.8	–	–	0.90	V
		I_F = 3.5 A; see Fig.8	–	–	1.15	V
$V_{(BR)R}$	reverse avalanche breakdown voltage	I_R = 0.1 mA				
	BYW28-500		560	–	–	V
	BYW28-600		675	–	–	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRMmax}$; see Fig.9	–	–	5	µA
		$V_R = V_{RRMmax}$; T_j = 165 °C; see Fig.9	–	–	150	µA
t_{rr}	reverse recovery time	when switched from I_F = 0.5 A to I_R = 1 A; measured at I_R = 0.25 A; see Fig.12	–	–	50	ns
C_d	diode capacitance	f = 1 MHz; V_R = 0; see Fig.10	–	275	–	pF
$\left\lvert\frac{dI_R}{dt}\right\rvert$	maximum slope of reverse recovery current	when switched from I_F = 1 A to $V_R \geq 30$ V and $dI_F/dt = -1$ A/µs; see Fig.13	–	–	4	A/µs

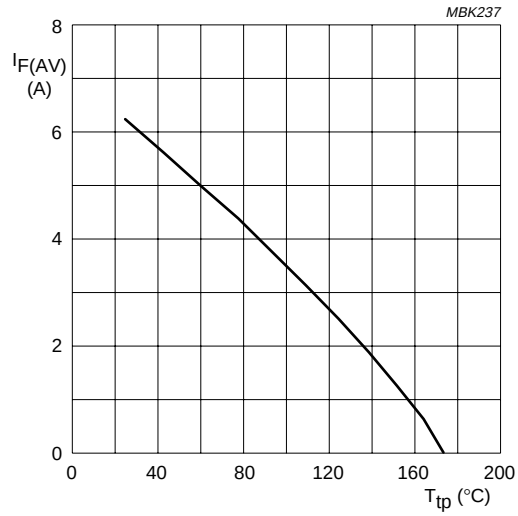
THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$R_{th\ j\text{-}tp}$	thermal resistance from junction to tie-point	lead length = 10 mm	20	K/W
$R_{th\ j\text{-}a}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	note 1	70	K/W

Note

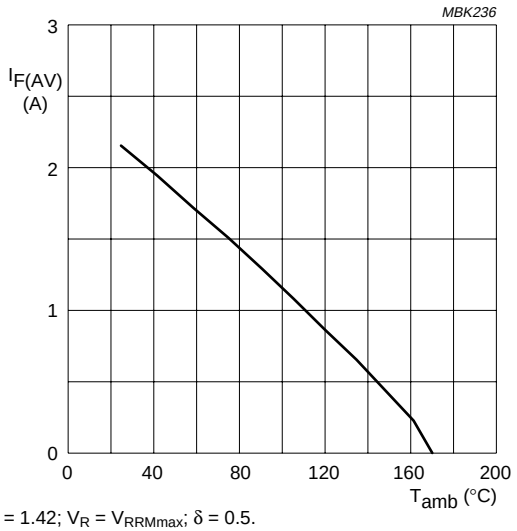
1. Device mounted on an epoxy-glass printed-circuit board, 1.5 mm thick; thickness of Cu-layer ≥40 µm, see Fig.11. For more information please refer to the *'General Part of Handbook SC01'*.

GRAPHICAL DATA



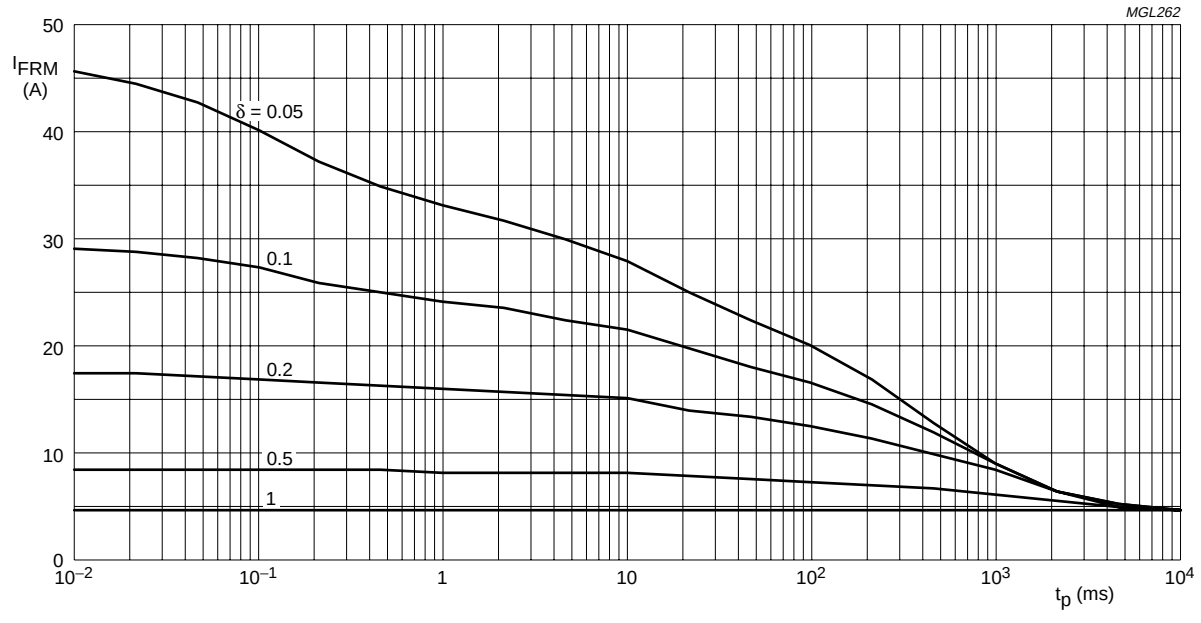
a = 1.42; $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$; δ = 0.5.
Switched mode application.

Fig.2 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of tie-point temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).



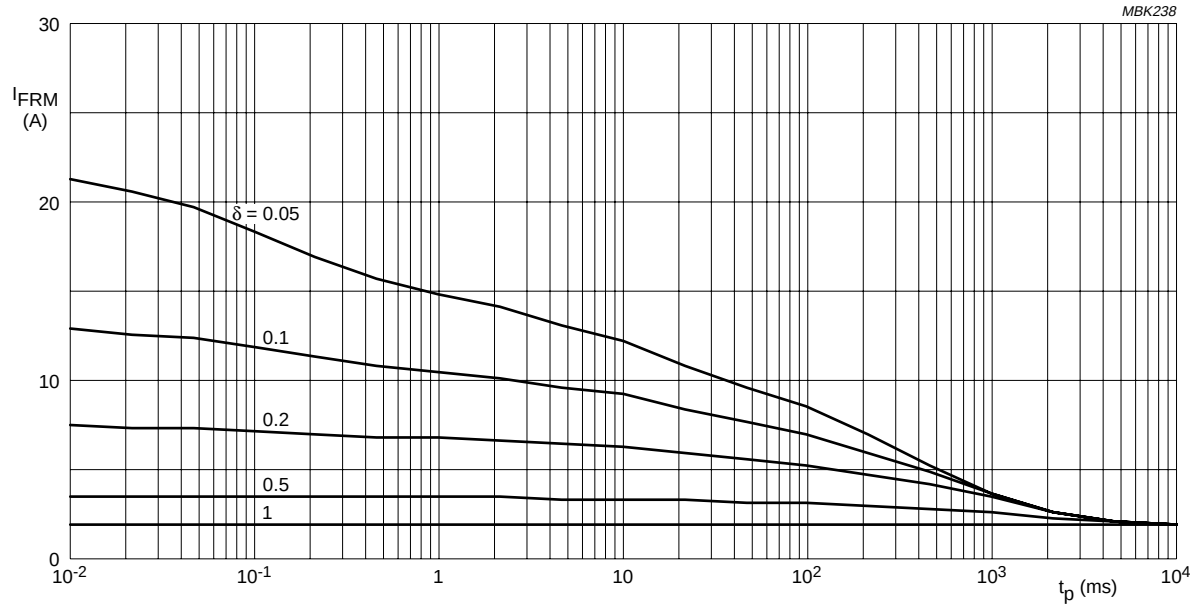
a = 1.42; $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$; δ = 0.5.
Device mounted as shown in Fig.11.
Switched mode application.

Fig.3 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of ambient temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).



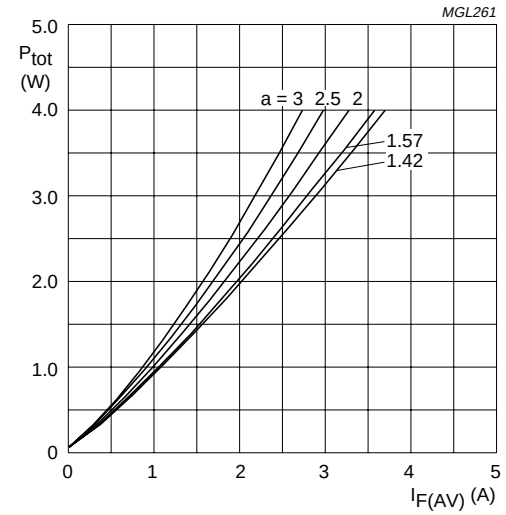
T_{tp} = 85 °C; $R_{th\ j\text{-}tp}$ = 20 K/W.
V_{RRMmax} during 1 – δ; curves include derating for $T_{j\ max}$ at $V_{RRM} = V_{RRMmax}$.

Fig.4 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.



T_{amb} = 60 °C; $R_{th\ j\text{-}a}$ = 70 K/W.
V_{RRMmax} during 1 – δ; curves include derating for $T_{j\ max}$ at $V_{RRM} = V_{RRMmax}$.

Fig.5 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.



$a = I_{F(RMS)}/I_{F(AV)}$; $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$; δ = 0.5.

Fig.6 Maximum steady state power dissipation (forward plus leakage current losses, excluding switching losses) as a function of average forward current.

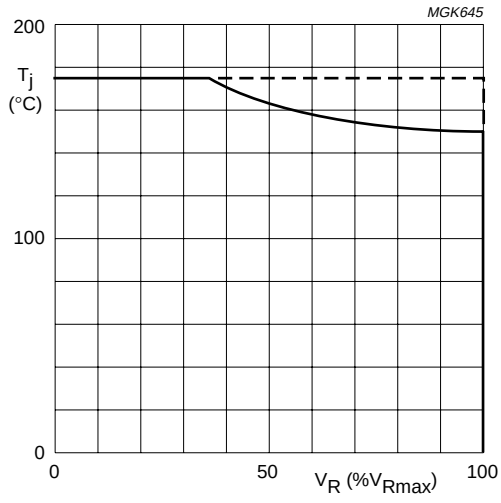


Fig.7 Maximum permissible junction temperature as a function of reverse voltage.

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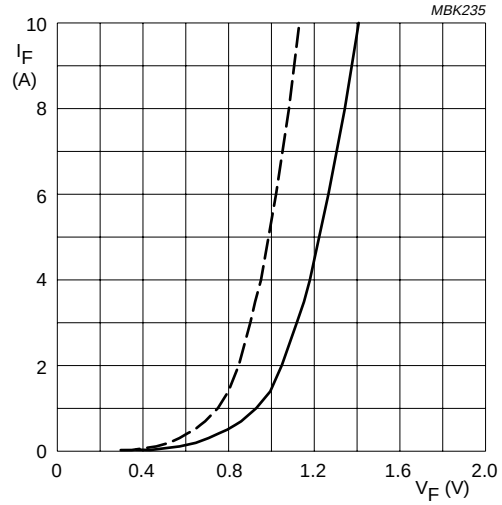
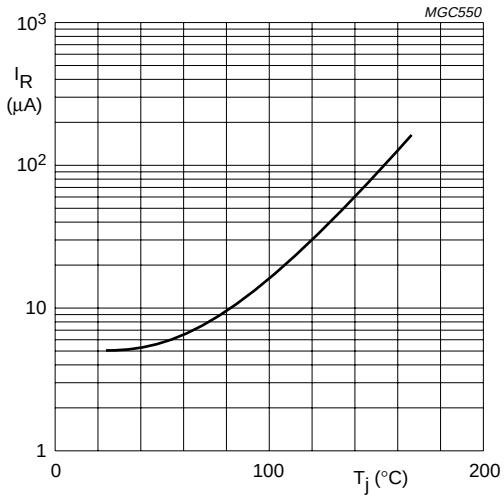


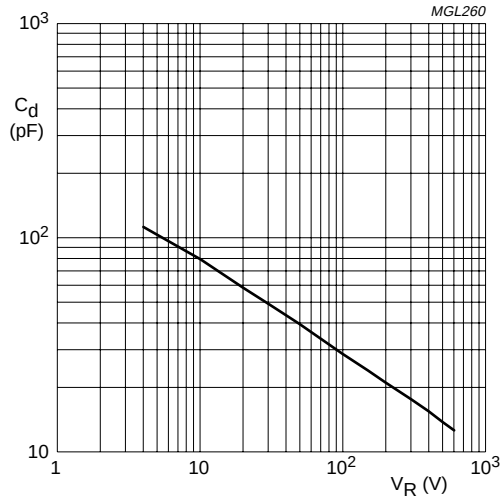
Dotted line: T_j = 175 °C.
Solid line: T_j = 25 °C.

Fig.8 Forward current as a function of forward voltage; maximum values.



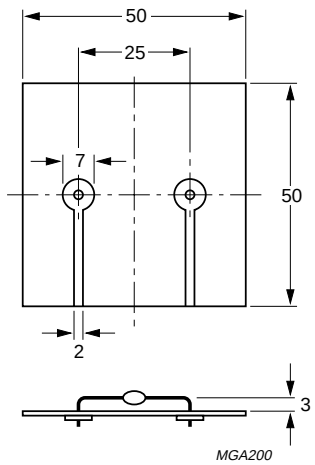
$V_R = V_{RRMmax}$.

Fig.9 Reverse current as a function of junction temperature; maximum values.



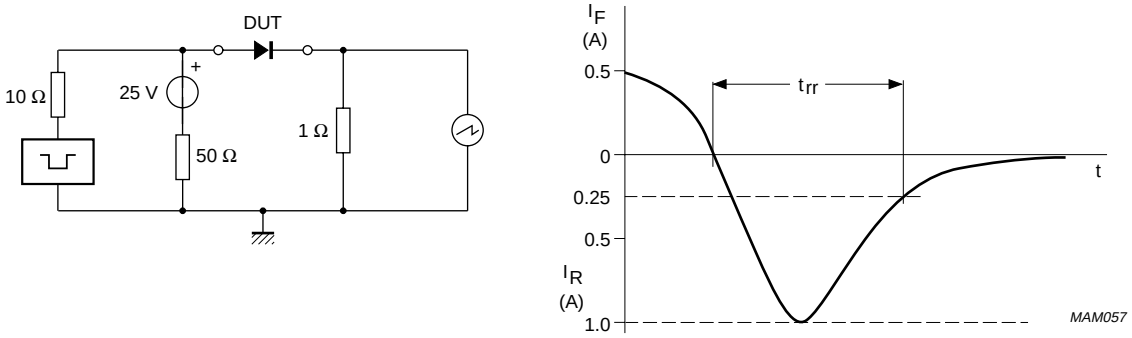
f = 1 MHz; T_j = 25 °C.

Fig.10 Diode capacitance as a function of reverse voltage; typical values.



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.11 Device mounted on a printed-circuit board.



Input impedance oscilloscope: 1 MΩ, 22 pF; $t_r \leq 7$ ns.
Source impedance: 50 Ω; $t_r \leq 15$ ns.

Fig.12 Test circuit and reverse recovery time waveform and definition.

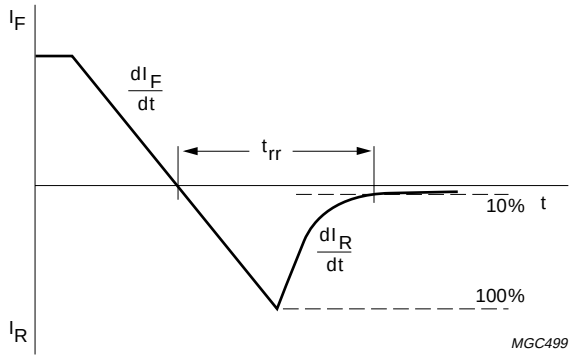


Fig.13 Reverse recovery definitions.

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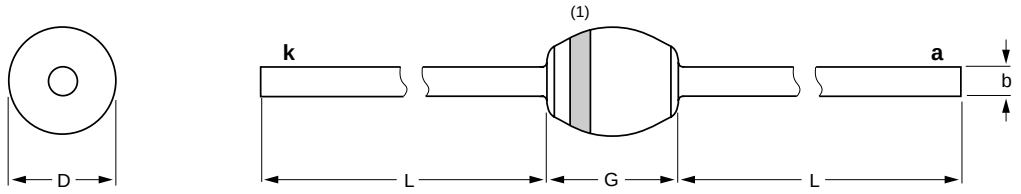
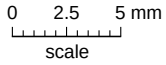
PACKAGE OUTLINE

Hermetically sealed glass package; axial leaded; 2 leads **SOD115**



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	b max.	D max.	G max.	L min.
mm	1.35	5.5	6.0	27



Note

1. The marking band indicates the cathode.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOD115						97-10-14