

**HIGH EFFICIENCY GLASS PASSIVATED RECTIFIERS**

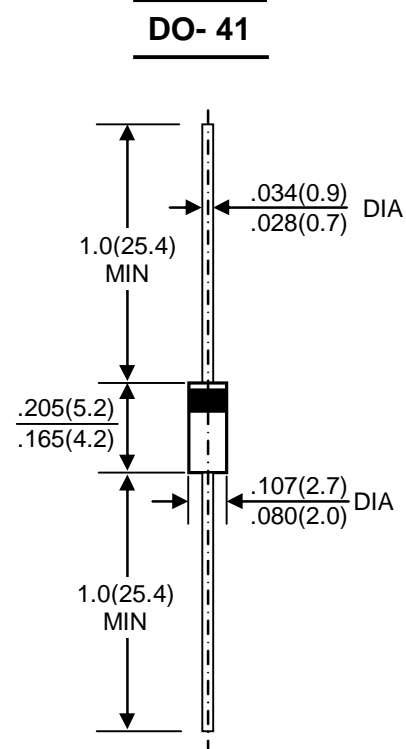
REVERSE VOLTAGE - 50 to 1000 Volts  
FORWARD CURRENT - 1.0 Ampere

### FEATURES

- Low cost
- Diffused junction
- Ultra fast switching for high efficiency
- Low reverse leakage current
- Low forward voltage drop
- High current capability
- The plastic material carries UL recognition 94V-0

### MECHANICAL DATA

- Case: JEDEC DO-41 molded plastic
- Polarity: Color band denotes cathode
- Weight: 0.012 ounces , 0.34 grams
- Mounting position: Any



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

### MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.  
Single phase, half wave ,60Hz, resistive or inductive load.  
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	HER 101G	HER 102G	HER 103G	HER 104G	HER 105G	HER 106G	HER 107G	HER 108G	UNIT
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V <sub>RRM</sub>	50	100	200	300	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	V <sub>RMS</sub>	35	70	140	210	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V <sub>DC</sub>	50	100	200	300	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current @T <sub>A</sub> =55 °C	I <sub>(AV)</sub>	1.0								A
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single Half Sine-Wave Super Imposed on Rated Load(JEDEC Method)	I <sub>FSM</sub>	30								A
Peak Forward Voltage at 1.0A DC	V <sub>F</sub>	1.0		1.3		1.7			V	
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated DC Blocking Voltage @T <sub>J</sub> =25°C @T <sub>J</sub> =100°C	I <sub>R</sub>	5.0				100				μA
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time(Note 1)	T <sub>RR</sub>	50				75				nS
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note2)	C <sub>J</sub>	20				10				pF
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note3)	R <sub>θJA</sub>	25								°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub>	-55 to +150								°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to +150								°C

NOTES: 1.Measured with I<sub>F</sub>=0.5A,I<sub>R</sub>=1A,I<sub>RR</sub>=0.25A.  
2.Measured at 1.0 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V DC  
3.Thermal resistance junction to ambient.

FIG. 1 – FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

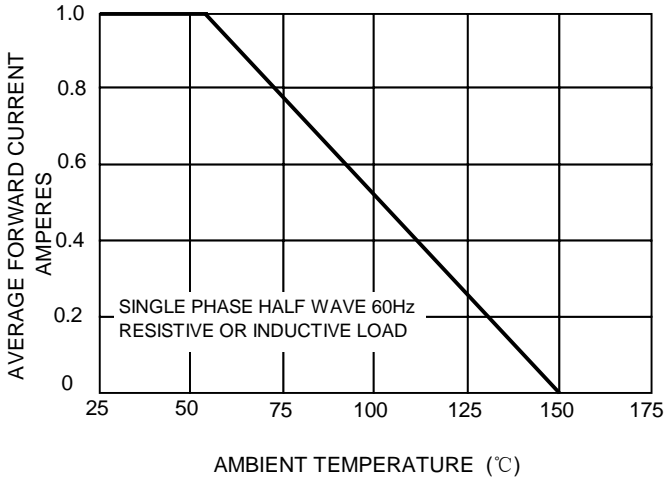


FIG. 2 – MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

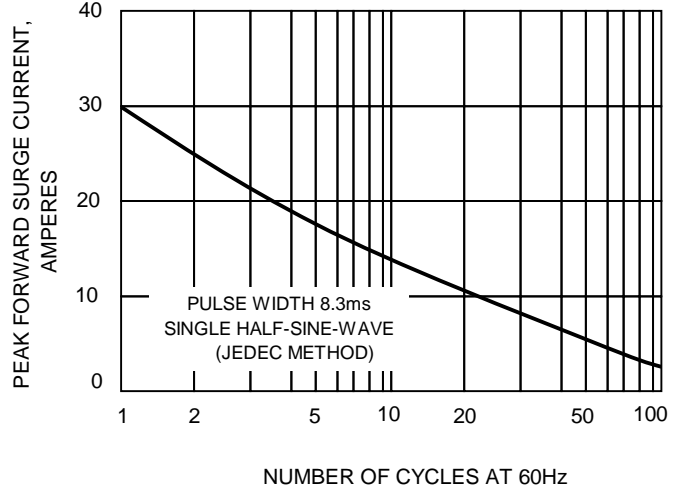


FIG.3 – TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

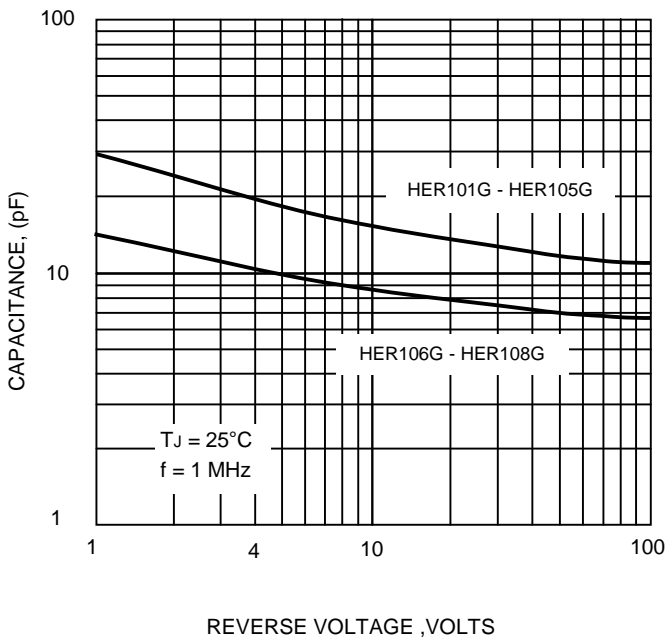


FIG.4-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

