

## N-Ch and P-Ch Fast Switching MOSFETs

### General Description

The QM2601S is the highest performance trench N-ch and P-ch MOSFETs with extreme high cell density, which provide excellent R<sub>DS(on)</sub> and gate charge for most of the small power switching and load switch applications.

The QM2601S meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement with full function reliability approved.

### Features

- Advanced high cell density Trench technology
- Super Low Gate Charge
- Excellent C<sub>dv/dt</sub> effect decline
- Green Device Available

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Units
		N-Ch	P-Ch	
V <sub>DS</sub>	Drain-Source Voltage	20	-20	V
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-Source Voltage	±12	±12	V
I <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 4.5V <sup>1</sup>	7.2	-4.5	A
I <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 4.5V <sup>1</sup>	5.8	-3.6	A
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>2</sup>	35	-23	A
P <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	Total Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>	1.5	1.5	W
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient <sup>1</sup>	---	85	°C/W
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case <sup>1</sup>	---	25	°C/W

### Product Summary

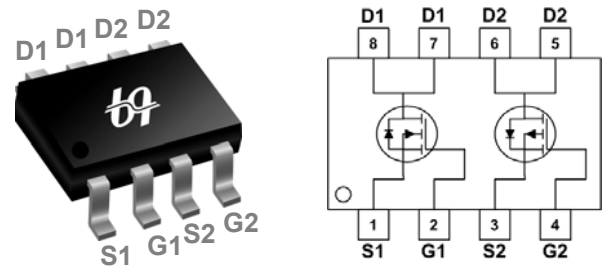


BVDSS	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	I <sub>D</sub>
20V	18mΩ	7.2A
-20V	50mΩ	-4.5A

### Applications

- High Frequency Point-of-Load Synchronous Small power switching for MB/NB/UMPC/VGA
- Networking DC-DC Power System
- Load Switch

### Dual SOP8 Pin Configuration



**N-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	20	---	---	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	$BV_{DSS}$ Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D=1\text{mA}$	---	0.024	---	$V/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=7A$	---	15	18	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=2.5V, I_D=5A$	---	20	25	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=250\mu A$	0.5	0.8	1.2	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	-3.58	---	$mV/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS}=16V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS}=16V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS}=\pm 12V, V_{DS}=0V$	---	---	$\pm 100$	nA
gfs	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=7A$	---	32.4	---	S
$R_g$	Gate Resistance	$V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1\text{MHz}$	---	1.5	3	$\Omega$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=7A$	---	11.4	16.0	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-Source Charge		---	1.63	2.3	
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge		---	2.95	4.1	
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD}=10V, V_{GS}=10V, R_G=3.3\Omega$ $I_D=7A$	---	4.8	9.6	ns
$T_r$	Rise Time		---	61	110	
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	28	56	
$T_f$	Fall Time		---	8	16	
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1\text{MHz}$	---	865	1211	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		---	86	120	
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	72	101	

**Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current <sup>1,4</sup>	$V_G=V_D=0V$ , Force Current	---	---	7.2	A
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current <sup>2,4</sup>		---	---	35	A
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$V_{GS}=0V, I_S=1A, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1.2	V
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=7A, di/dt=100A/\mu s, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	12.5	---	nS
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		---	4.4	---	nC

Note :

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 20Z copper.
- 2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$  , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$
- 3.The power dissipation is limited by  $150^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature
- 4.The data is theoretically the same as  $I_D$  and  $I_{DM}$  , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

**P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=-250\mu A$	-20	---	---	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	BVDSS Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D=-1mA$	---	-0.014	---	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{GS}=-4.5V, I_D=-4A$	---	40	50	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-2.5V, I_D=-1.5A$	---	58	72	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=-250\mu A$	-0.5	-0.8	-1.2	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	3.95	---	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS}=-16V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS}=-16V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS}=\pm 12V, V_{DS}=0V$	---	---	$\pm 100$	nA
gfs	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5V, I_D=-4A$	---	12	---	S
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	$V_{DS}=-15V, V_{GS}=-4.5V, I_D=-4A$	---	10	14.0	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-Source Charge		---	1.93	2.7	
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge		---	3.18	4.5	
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD}=-10V, V_{GS}=-4.5V, R_G=3.3\Omega$ $I_D=-4A$	---	5.6	11.2	ns
$T_r$	Rise Time		---	47.4	85	
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	31.6	63	
$T_f$	Fall Time		---	17.2	34.4	
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS}=-15V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$	---	857	1200	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		---	114	160	
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	108	151	

**Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current <sup>1,4</sup>	$V_G=V_D=0V$ , Force Current	---	---	-4.5	A
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current <sup>2,4</sup>		---	---	-23	A
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$V_{GS}=0V, I_S=-1A, T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	-1	V
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-4A, dI/dt=100A/\mu s, T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	---	19.7	---	nS
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		---	5.2	---	nC

Note :

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 20Z copper.
- 2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$
- 3.The power dissipation is limited by  $150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature
- 4.The data is theoretically the same as  $I_D$  and  $I_{DM}$ , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

## N-Ch and P-Ch Fast Switching MOSFETs

### N-Channel Typical Characteristics

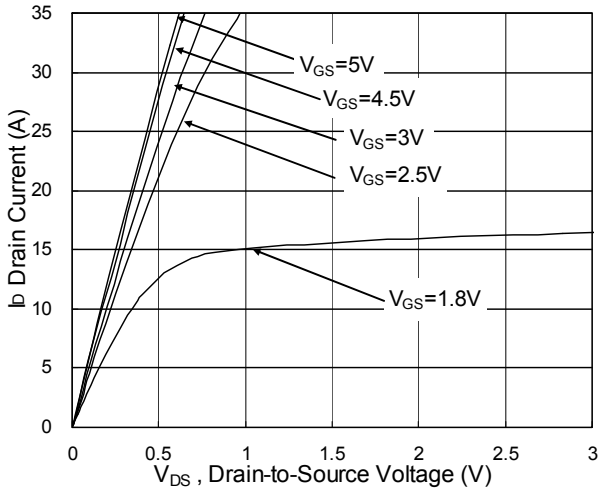


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

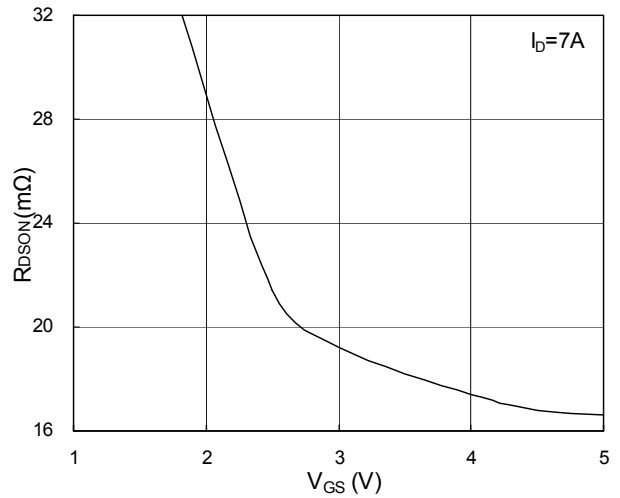


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source

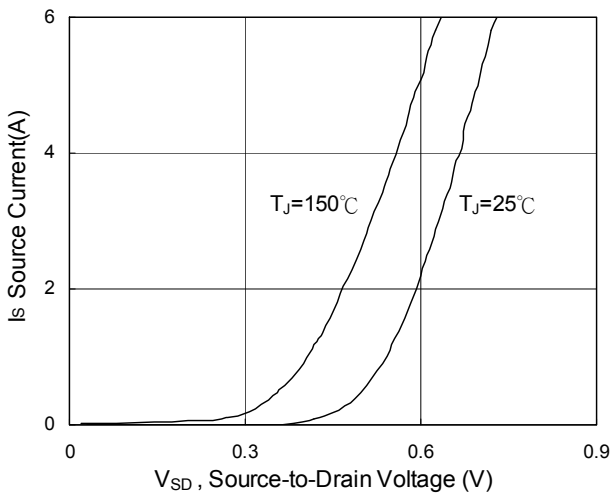


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics Of Reverse

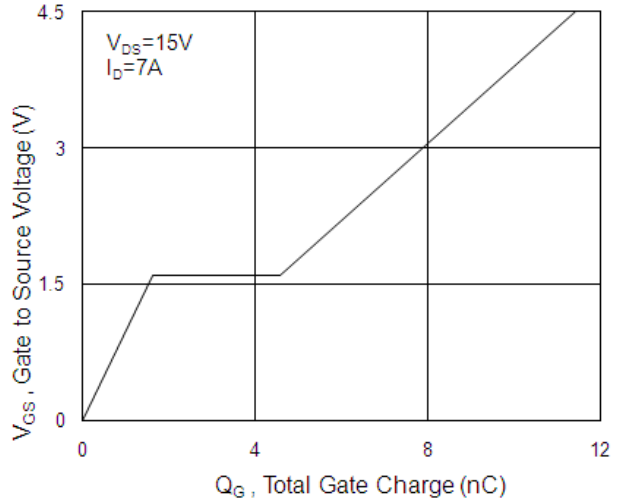


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

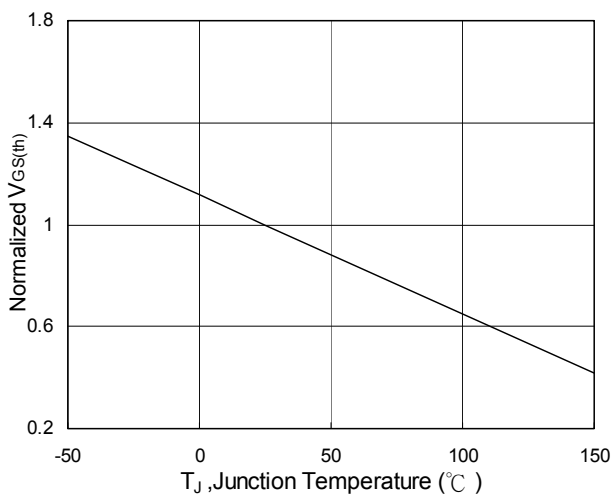


Fig.5  $V_{GS(th)}$  vs.  $T_J$

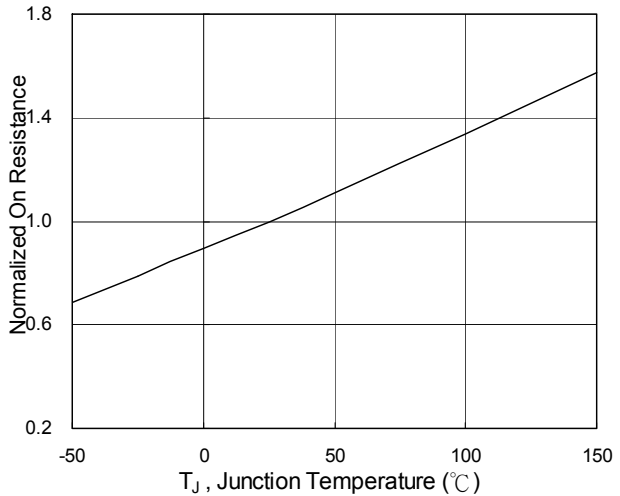


Fig.6 Normalized  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs.  $T_J$

## N-Ch and P-Ch Fast Switching MOSFETs

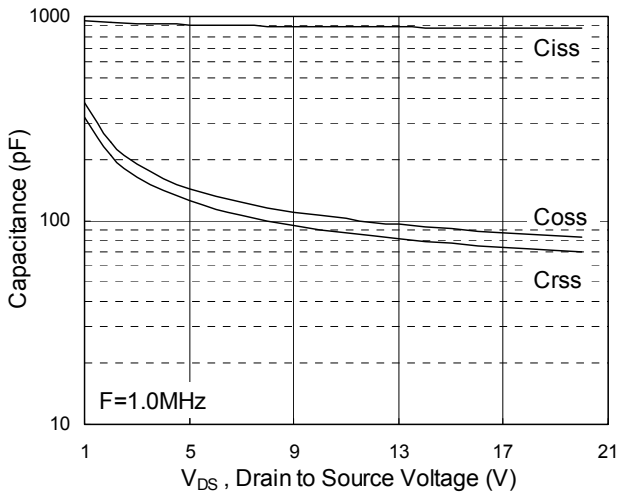


Fig.7 Capacitance

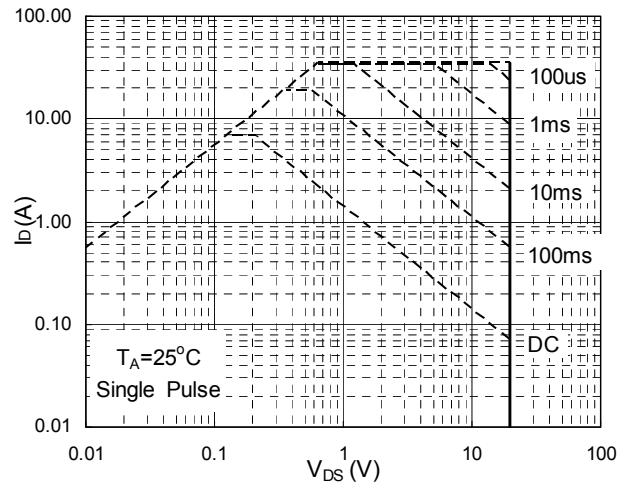


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

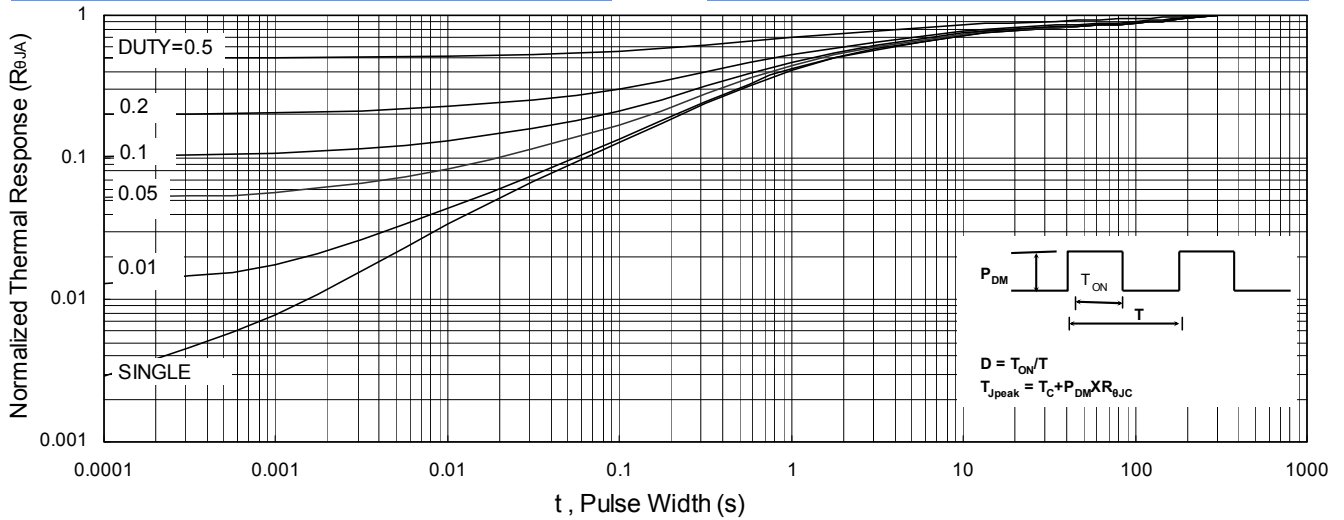


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

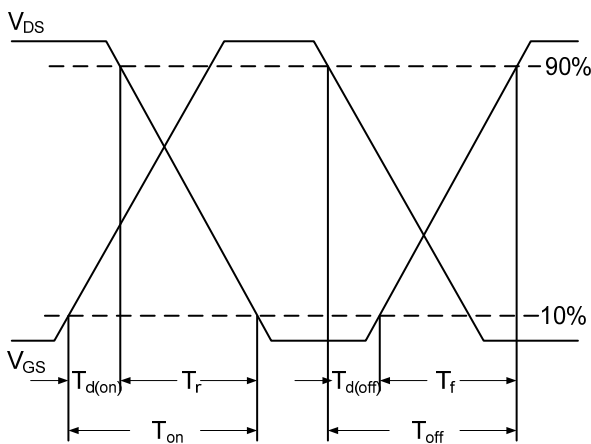


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

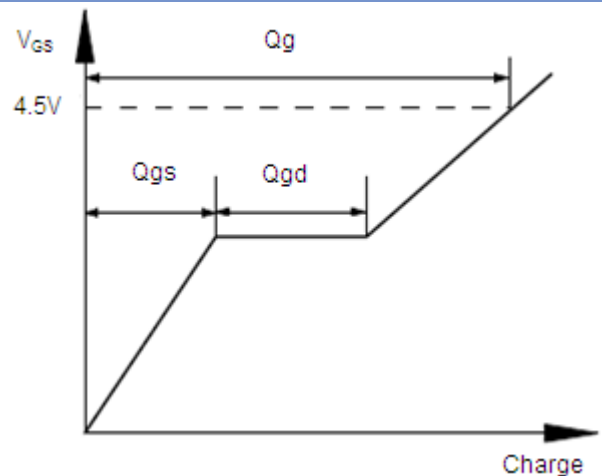


Fig.11 Gate Charge Waveform

## N-Ch and P-Ch Fast Switching MOSFETs

### P-Channel Typical Characteristics

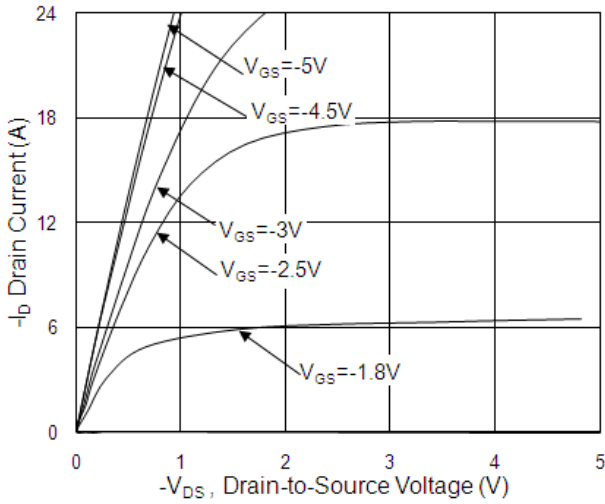


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

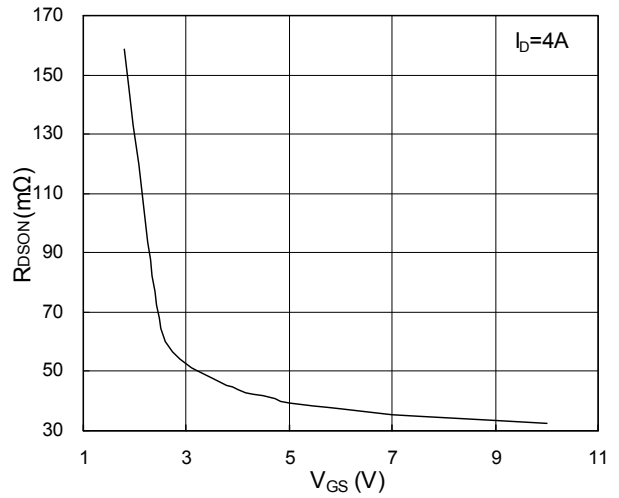


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source

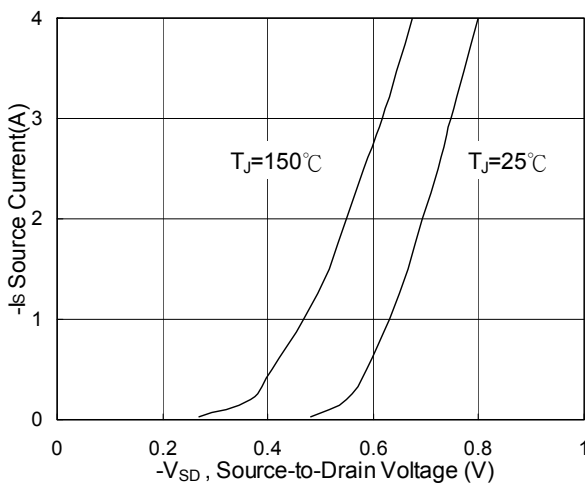


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of reverse

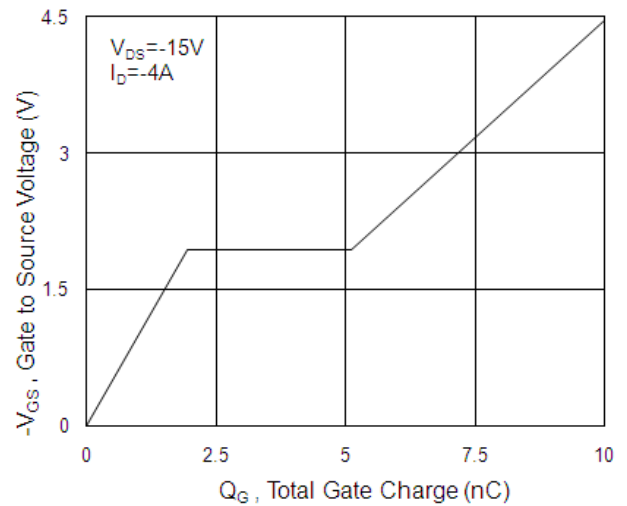


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

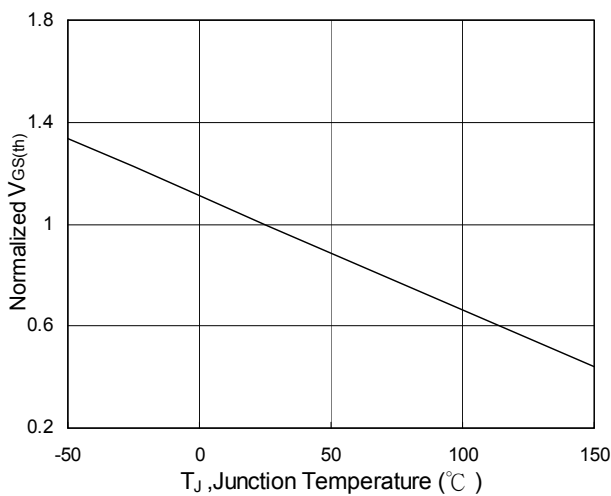


Fig.5 Normalized  $V_{GS(th)}$  vs.  $T_J$

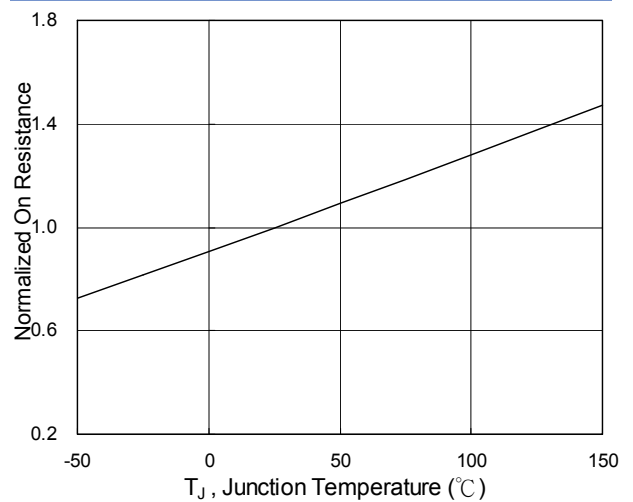


Fig.6 Normalized  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs.  $T_J$

## N-Ch and P-Ch Fast Switching MOSFETs

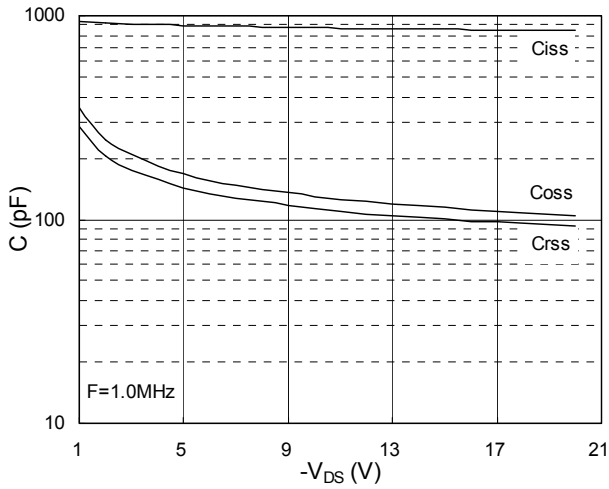


Fig.7 Capacitance

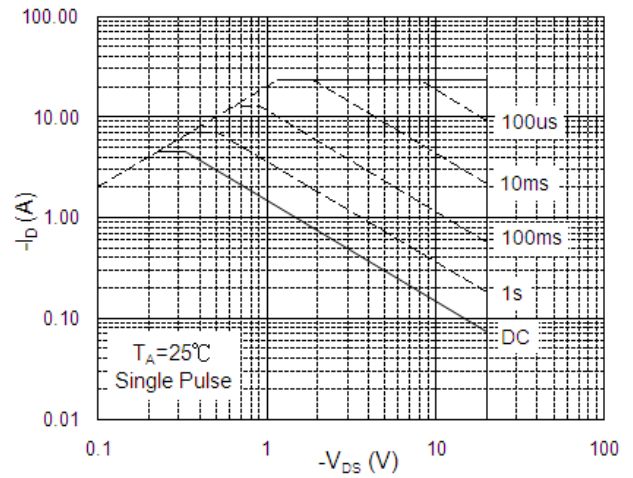


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

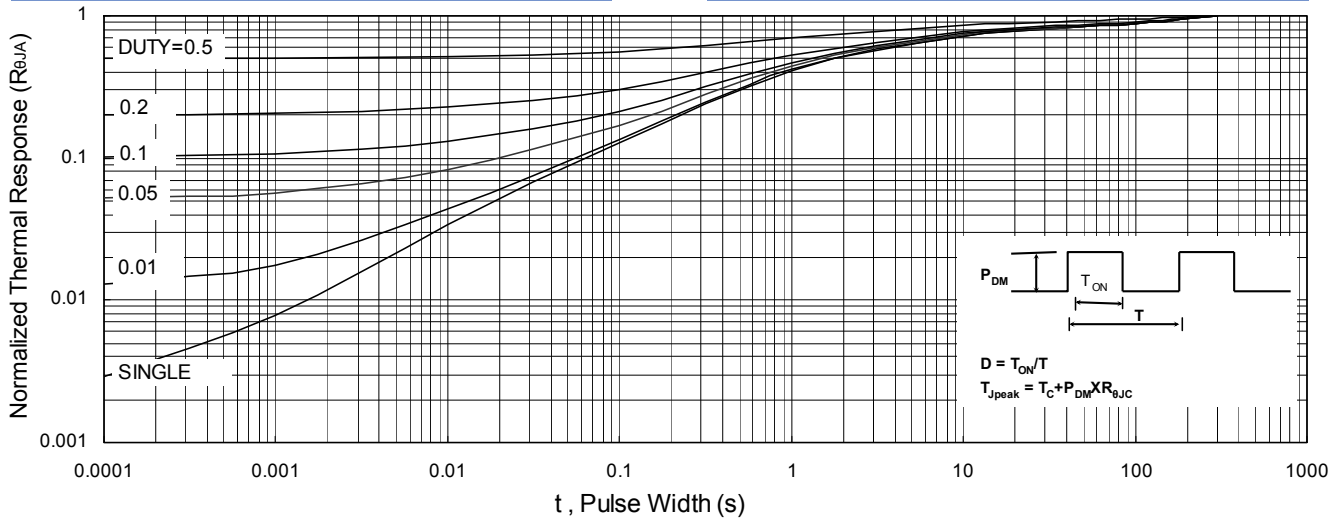


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

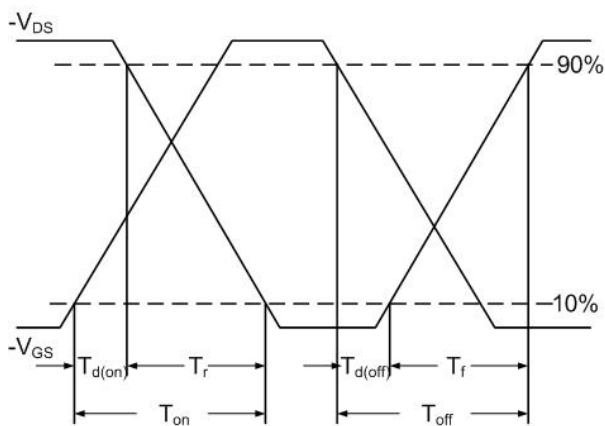


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

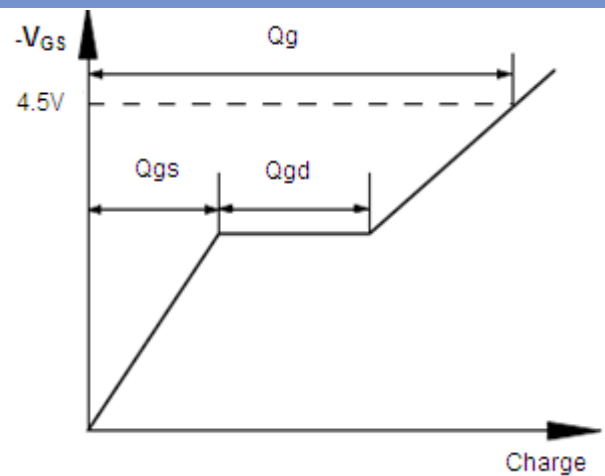


Fig.11 Gate Charge Waveform