

### General Description

The QM3002K is the highest performance trench N-ch MOSFETs with extreme high cell density, which provide excellent RDSON and gate charge for most of the small power switching and load switch applications.

The QM3002K meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement with full function reliability approved.

### Features

- Advanced high cell density Trench technology
- Super Low Gate Charge
- Excellent Cdv/dt effect decline
- Green Device Available

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Units
		10s	Steady State	
$V_{DS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	30		V
$V_{GS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$		V
$I_D@T_A=25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^1$	5.8	5	A
$I_D@T_A=70^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^1$	4.6	4	A
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>2</sup>	25		A
$P_D@T_A=25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>	1.32	1	W
$P_D@T_A=70^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>	0.84	0.64	W
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150		$^\circ C$
$T_J$	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150		$^\circ C$

### Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient <sup>1</sup>	---	125	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient <sup>1</sup> ( $t \leq 10s$ )	---	95	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case <sup>1</sup>	---	80	$^\circ C/W$

### Product Summary

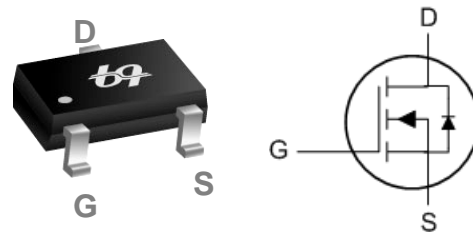


BVDSS	RDSON	ID
30V	28m $\Omega$	5A

### Applications

- High Frequency Point-of-Load Synchronous s Small power switching for MB/NB/UMPC/VGA
- Networking DC-DC Power System
- Load Switch

### SOT23 Pin Configuration



**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	30	---	---	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	$BV_{DSS}$ Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D=1mA$	---	0.025	---	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{GS}=10V, I_D=5A$	---	24	28	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=4A$	---	34	40	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=250\mu A$	1.2	1.5	2.5	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	-4.8	---	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS}=24V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS}=24V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS}=\pm 20V, V_{DS}=0V$	---	---	$\pm 100$	nA
gfs	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=5A$	---	7	---	S
$R_g$	Gate Resistance	$V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$	---	2.5	5	$\Omega$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=5A$	---	6	8.4	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-Source Charge		---	2.5	3.5	
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge		---	2.1	2.9	
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD}=15V, V_{GS}=10V, R_G=3.3\Omega$ $I_D=5A$	---	2.4	4.8	ns
$T_r$	Rise Time		---	7.8	14	
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	22	44	
$T_f$	Fall Time		---	4	8	
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$	---	572	800	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		---	81	112	
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	65	91	

**Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current <sup>1,4</sup>	$V_G=V_D=0V$ , Force Current	---	---	5	A
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current <sup>2,4</sup>		---	---	25	A
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$V_{GS}=0V, I_S=1A, T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1.2	V
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=5A, di/dt=100A/\mu s, T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	---	19	---	nS
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		---	1.04	---	nC

Note :

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 20Z copper.
- 2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$  , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$
- 3.The power dissipation is limited by  $150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature
- 4.The data is theoretically the same as  $I_D$  and  $I_{DM}$  , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

### Typical Characteristics

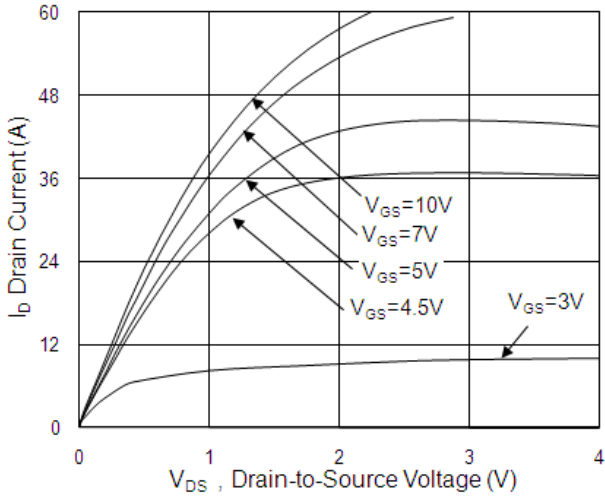


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

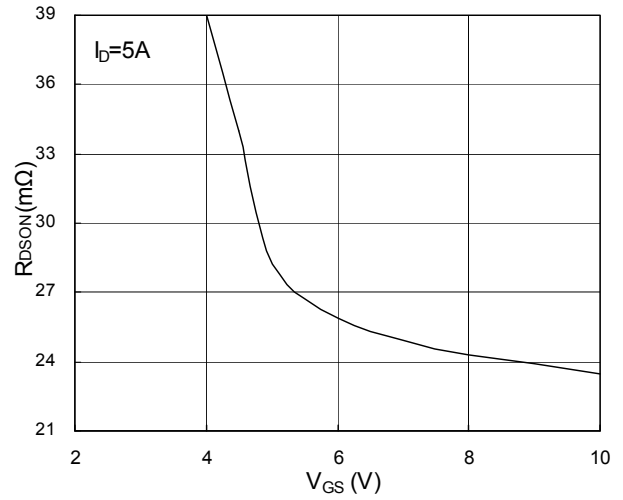


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source

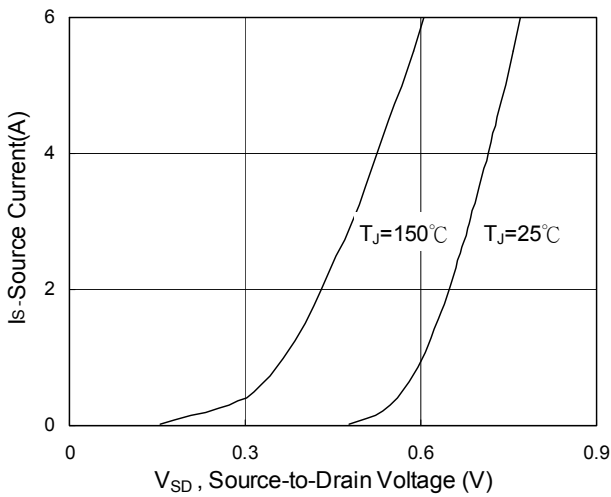


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics Of Reverse

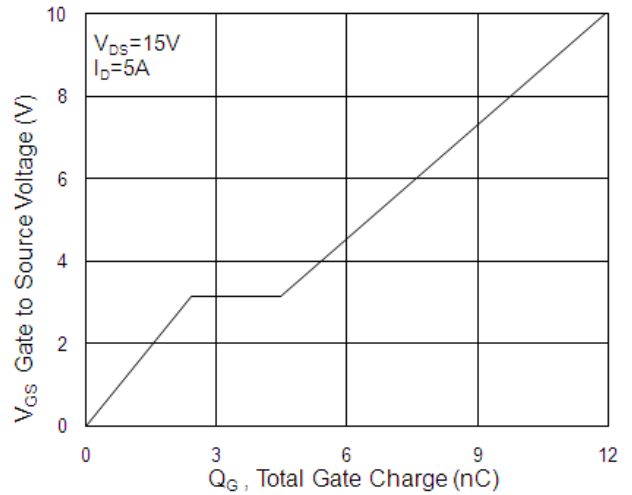


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

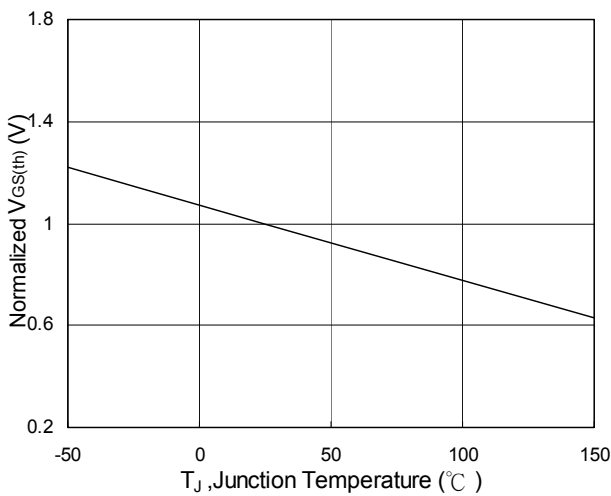


Fig.5 Normalized  $V_{GS(th)}$  vs.  $T_J$

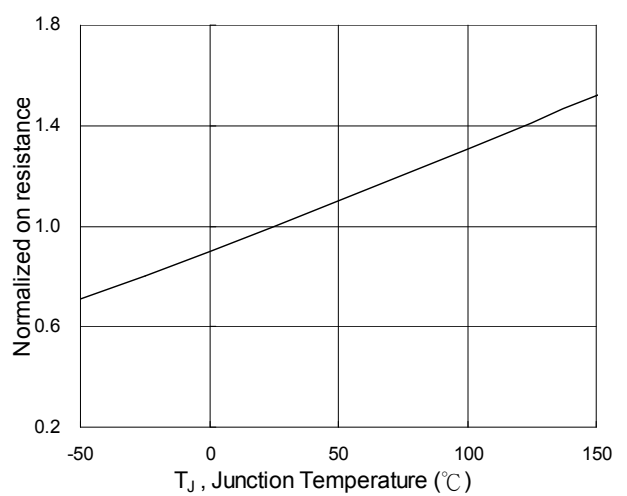


Fig.6 Normalized  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs.  $T_J$

## N-Ch 30V Fast Switching MOSFETs

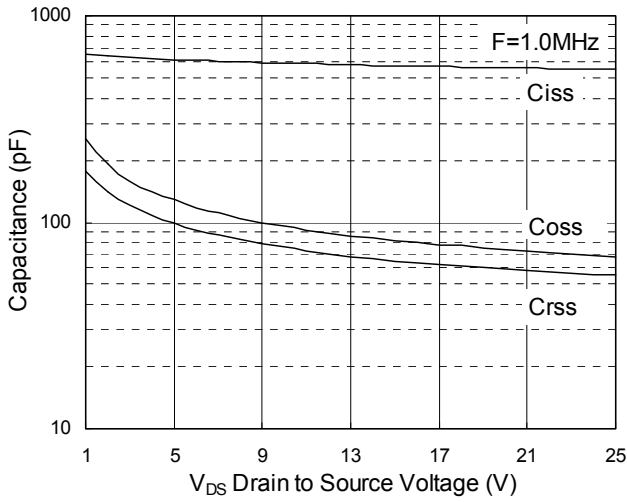


Fig.7 Capacitance

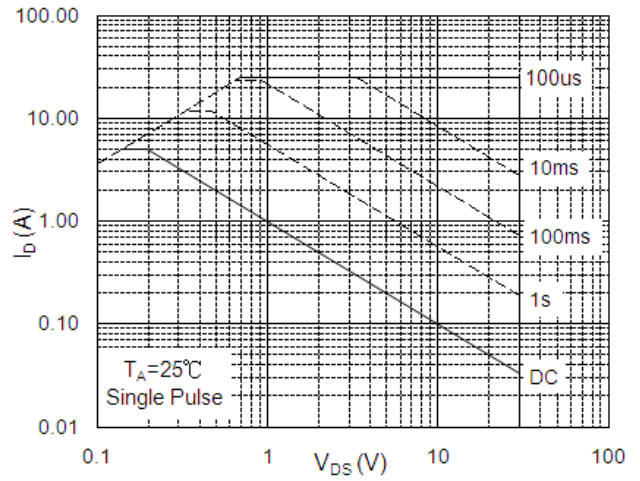


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

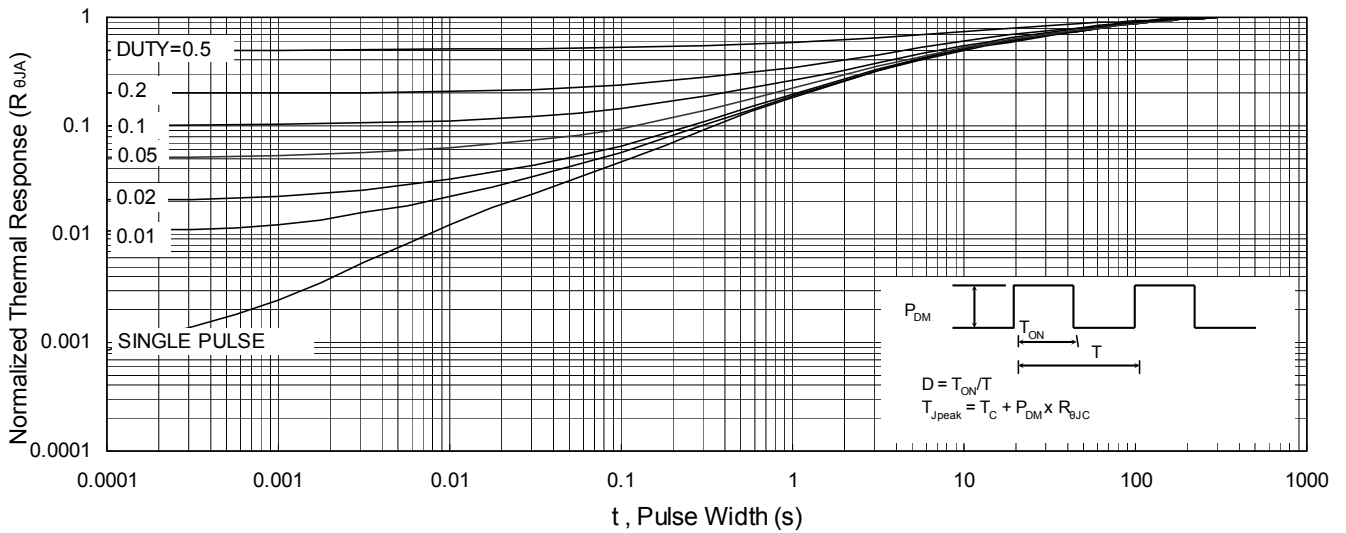


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

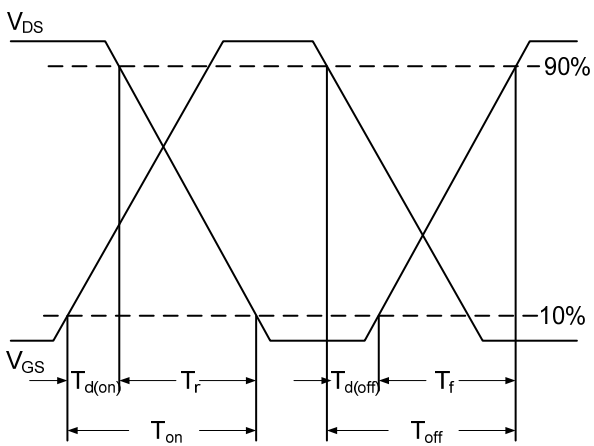


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

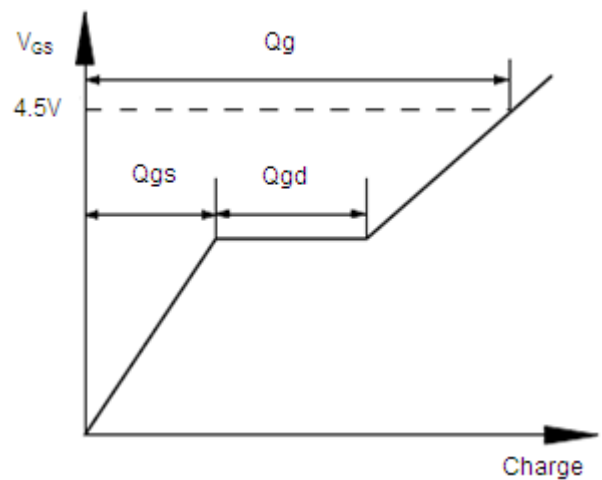


Fig.11 Gate Charge Waveform