

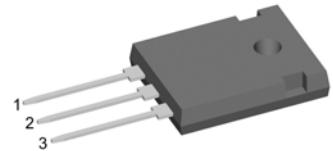
High Efficiency Thyristor

V_{RRM} = 1200V
 I_{TAV} = 40A
 V_T = 1.19V

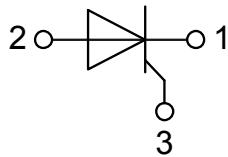
Single Thyristor

Part number

CLA40E1200HR



Backside: isolated



Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability

Applications:

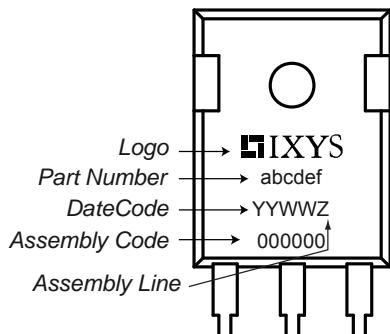
- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

Package: ISO247

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Backside: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Thyristor			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1200	V
I_{RD}	reverse current, drain current	$V_{RD} = 1200 \text{ V}$ $V_{RD} = 1200 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		50 4	μA mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 40 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 80 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 40 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 80 \text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.25 1.49 1.19 1.50	V V V V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 95^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		40	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			63	A
V_{TO} r_T	threshold voltage slope resistance } for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.86 7.9	V $m\Omega$
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.8	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.25		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		155	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		650 700 555 595	A A A A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		2.12 2.04 1.54 1.48	kA²s kA²s kA²s kA²s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	25		pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$ $t_p = 300 \mu s$	$T_C = 150^\circ C$		10 5 0.5	W W W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation					
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 120 \text{ A}$ $t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu s;$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 40 \text{ A}$			150	A/ μs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		1000	V/ μs
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		1.5 1.6	V V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		50 80	mA mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.2	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				3	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		125	mA
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		100	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.3 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.3 \text{ A}/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	μs
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 \text{ V}; I_T = 40 \text{ A}; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $di/dt = 10 \text{ A}/\mu s; dv/dt = 20 \text{ V}/\mu s; t_p = 200 \mu s$		200		μs

Package ISO247			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			70	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		150	°C
Weight				6		g
M_D	mounting torque		0.8		1.2	Nm
F_c	mounting force with clip		20		120	N
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air		terminal to terminal	2.7		mm
$d_{Spb/Abp}$			terminal to backside	4.1		mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	$t = 1$ second $t = 1$ minute	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA		3600 3000	V V

Product Marking**Part description**

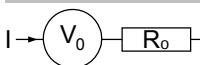
C = Thyristor (SCR)
 L = High Efficiency Thyristor
 A = (up to 1200V)
 40 = Current Rating [A]
 E = Single Thyristor
 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 HR = ISO247 (3)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CLA40E1200HR	CLA40E1200HR	Tuibe	30	515428

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
CMA40E1600HR	ISO247 (3)	1600

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

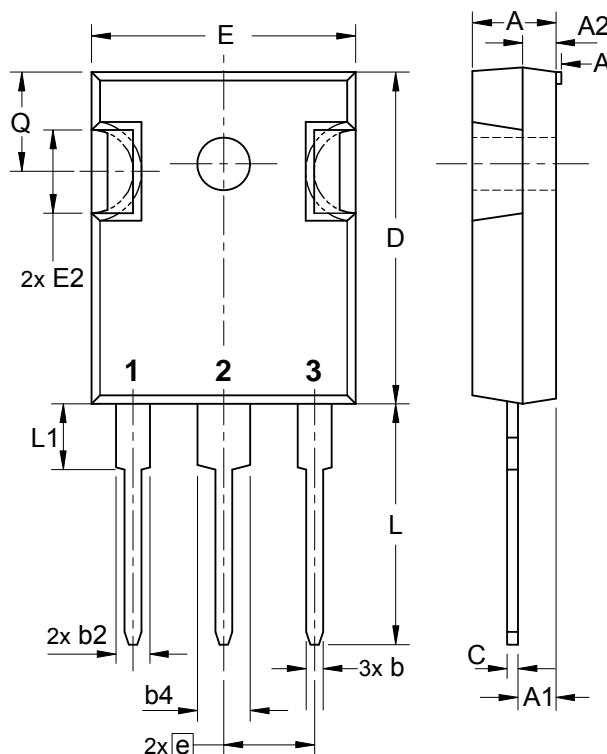
* on die level

 $T_{VJ} = 150$ °C

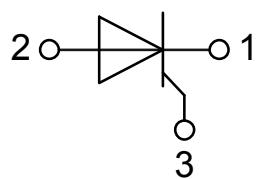
Thyristor

$V_{0\max}$ threshold voltage 0.86 V
 $R_{0\max}$ slope resistance * 5.4 mΩ

Outlines ISO247



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.70	5.30	0.185	0.209
A1	2.21	2.59	0.087	0.102
A2	1.50	2.49	0.059	0.098
A3	typ. 0.05		typ. 0.002	
b	0.99	1.40	0.039	0.055
b2	1.65	2.39	0.065	0.094
b4	2.59	3.43	0.102	0.135
c	0.38	0.89	0.015	0.035
D	20.79	21.45	0.819	0.844
D1	typ. 8.90		typ. 0.350	
D2	typ. 2.90		typ. 0.114	
D3	typ. 1.00		typ. 0.039	
E	15.49	16.24	0.610	0.639
E1	typ. 13.45		typ. 0.530	
E2	4.31	5.48	0.170	0.216
E3	typ. 4.00		typ. 0.157	
e	5.46	BSC	0.215	BSC
L	19.80	20.30	0.780	0.799
L1	-	4.49	-	0.177
Ø P	3.55	3.65	0.140	0.144
Q	5.38	6.19	0.212	0.244
S	6.14	BSC	0.242	BSC



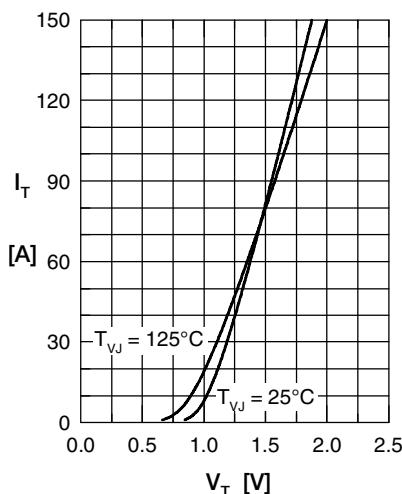
Thyristor

Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

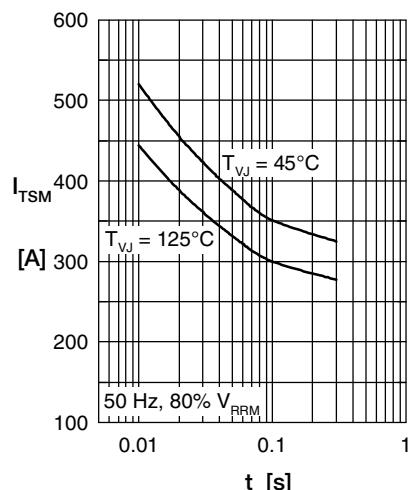
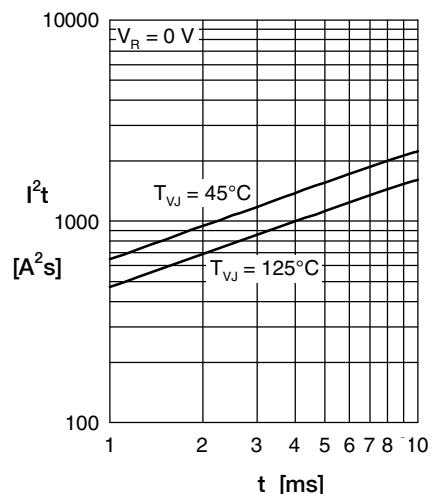
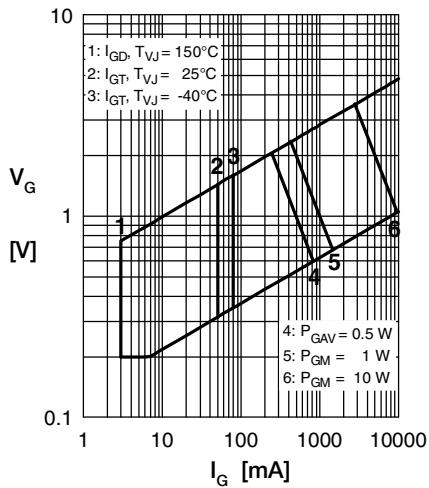
Fig. 2 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} : crest value, t : durationFig. 3 I^2t versus time (1-10 s)

Fig. 4 Gate voltage & gate current

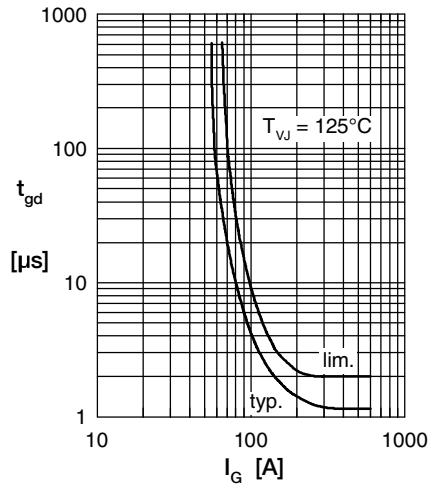
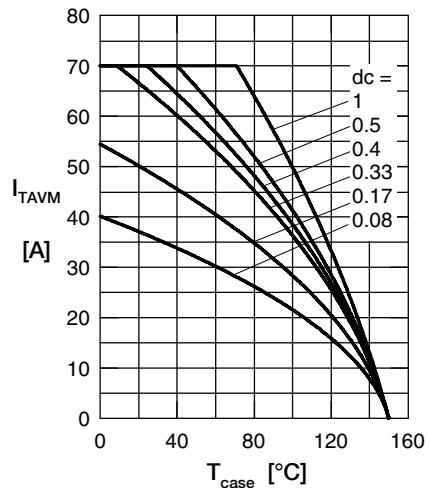
Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time t_{gd} 

Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

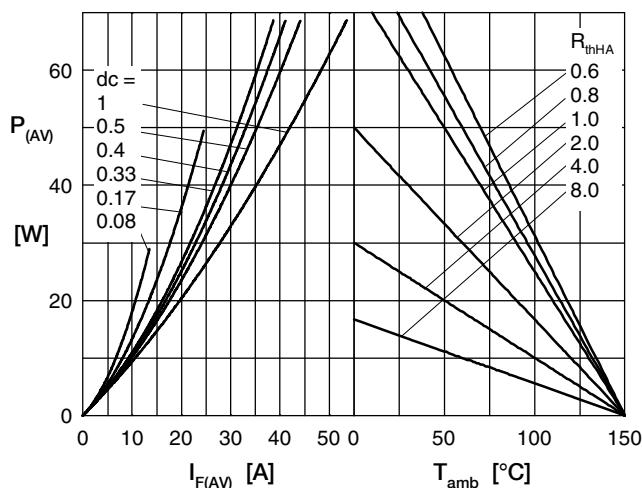
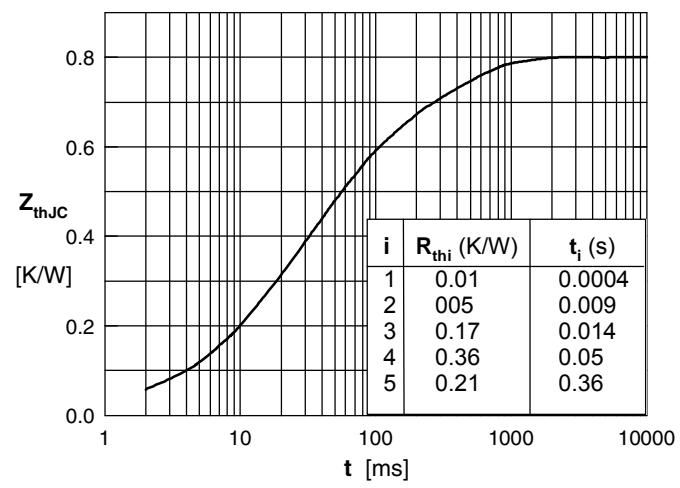
Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current
Fig. 7b and ambient temperature

Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case