

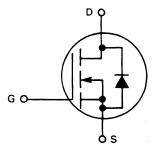
Designer's Data Sheet

N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE SILICON GATE TMOS POWER FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

These TMOS Power FETs are designed for 120 V line operated high speed power switching applications such as motor controls, switching regulators, converters, solenoid and relay drivers.

- Silicon Gate for Fast Switching Speeds Switching Times Specified at 100°C
- Designers Data IDSS, VDS(on), VGS(th) and SOA Specified at Elevated Temperature
- Rugged SOA is Power Dissipation Limited
- Source to Drain Diode Characterized for Use With Inductive Loads





MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	MTM10N25 MTP10N25	Unit
Drain — Source Voltage	V _{DSS}	250	Vdc
Drain — Gate Voltage (RGS = 1.0 M Ω)	V _{DGR}	250	Vdc
Gate — Source Voltage	VGS	±20	Vdc
Drain Current Continuous Pulsed	I _D	10 30	Adc
Gate Current — Pulsed	IGM	1.5	Adc
Total Power Dissipation @ T _C = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	100 0.8	Watts W/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{Stg}	-65 to 150	°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	R _θ JC	1.25	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temp. for Soldering Purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	TL	275	°C

Designer's Data for "Worst Case" Conditions

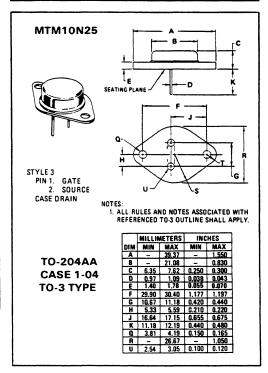
The Designer's Data Sheet permits the design of most circuits entirely from the information presented. Limit curves—representing boundaries on device characteristics—are given to facilitate "worst case" design.

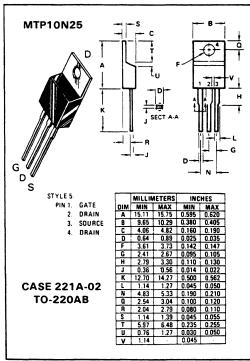
MTM10N25 MTP10N25

10 AMPERE

N-CHANNEL TMOS POWER FET

r_{DS(on)} = 0.45 OHM 250 VOLTS





Characteristic		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage (V _{GS} = 0, I _D = 5.0 mA)	MTM10N25/MTP10N25	V _{(BR)DSS}	250	_	Vdc
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current (VDS = 0.85 Rated VDSS, VGS = 0) T = 100°C		IDSS		0.25 2.5	mAdc
Gate-Body Leakage Current (VGS = 20 Vdc, VDS = 0)		IGSS	-	500	nAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS*					
Gate Threshold Voltage (I _D = 1.0 mA, V _{DS} = V _{GS}) T _J = 100°C		VGS(th)	2.0 1.5	4.5 4.0	Vdc
Drain-Source On-Voltage (V _{GS} = 1 (I _D = 5.0 Adc) (I _D = 10 Adc) (I _D = 5.0 Adc, T _J = 100°C)	IO V)	V _{DS(on)}	= =	2.25 5.60 4.50	Vdc
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance (VGS = 10 Vdc, I _D = 5.0 Adc)		^r DS(on)	_	0.45	Ohms
Forward Transconductance (V _{DS} = 15 V, I _D = 5.0 A)		9fs	3.0	-	mhos
SAFE OPERATING AREAS					
Forward Biased Safe Operating Area		FBSOA	See Figure 9		
Switching Safe Operating Area		SSOA	See Figure 10		
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Input Capacitance		C _{iss}	_	1200	pF
Output Capacitance	(V _{DS} = 25 V, V _{GS} = 0, f = 1.0 MHz)	Coss	_	600	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		C _{rss}	_	150	pF

SWITCHING	CHAR	ACTERISTIC	S* (Tj =	: 100°C)
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Turn-On Delay Time		t _{d(on)}		50	ns
Rise Time	$(V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V, } I_D = 5.0 \text{ A,}$	t _r	_	250	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	R _{gen} = 50 ohms)	td(off)		100	ns
Fall Time	See Figures 1 and 2.	tf	_	120	ns

SOURCE DRAIN DIODE CHARACTERISTICS*

Characteristic		Symbol	Тур	Unit
Forward On-Voltage	I _S = 10 A	V _{SD}	1.5	Vdc
Forward Turn-On Time	V _{GS} = 0	ton	50	ns
Reverse Recovery Time	See Figures 14 and 15.	t _{rr}	300	ns

^{*}Pulse Test: Pulse Width \leq 300 μ s, Duty Cycle \leq 2%.

RESISTIVE SWITCHING

FIGURE 1 — SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT

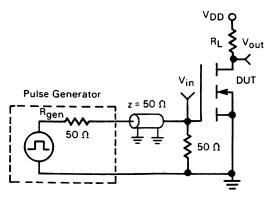
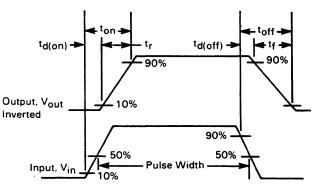


FIGURE 2 — SWITCHING WAVEFORMS





THERMAL RESPONSE

FIGURE 11 — MTM10N25

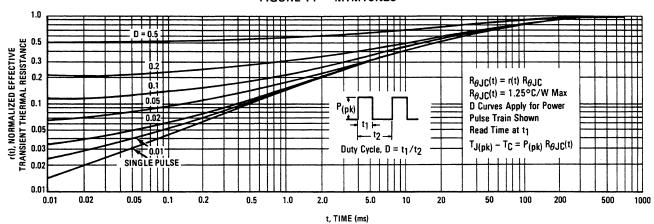
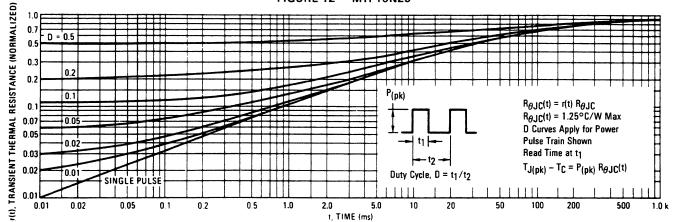


FIGURE 12 - MTP10N25



TMOS POWER FET CONSIDERATIONS

Switching Speed — The switching speeds of these devices are dependent on the driving impedance. Extremely fast switching speeds can be attained by driving the gate from a voltage source.

Transfer Characteristics — The transfer characteristics are linear at drain currents of 2.0 Amps. (See Figure 6.) Linear amplifiers with high frequency response can be designed using this product.

Gate Voltage Rating — Never exceed the gate voltage rating of ± 20 V. Exceeding the rated VGS can result in permanent damage to the oxide layer in the gate region.

Gate Termination — The gate of these devices are essentially capacitors. Circuits that leave the gate open-circuited or floating should be avoided. These conditions can result in turn-on of the

devices due to voltage build-up on the input capacitor due to leakage currents or pickup.

Gate Protection — These devices do not have an internal monolithic zener diode from gate to source. The addition of an internal zener diode may result in detrimental effects on the reliability of a power MOSFET. If gate protection is required, an external zener diode is recommended.

Handling and Packaging — MOS ICs are susceptible to damage from electrostatic charge. Experience has shown that these devices are more rugged than MOS ICs. This is primarily due to the comparatively larger capacitances associated with power devices, however, reasonable precautions in handling and packaging MOS devices should be observed.



MOTOROLA Semiconductor Products Inc. -

SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

FIGURE 9 — MAXIMUM RATED SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA

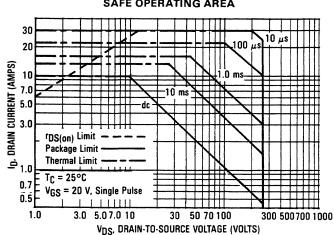
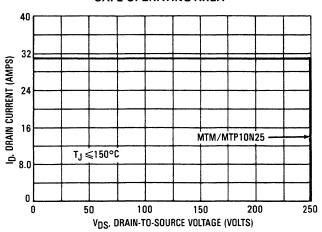


FIGURE 10 — MAXIMUM RATED SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA



FORWARD BIASED SAFE OPERATING AREA

The dc data of Figure 9 is based on a case temperature (T_C) of 25°C and a maximum junction temperature (T_{Jmax}) of 150°. The actual junction temperature depends on the power dissipated in the device and its case temperature. For various pulse widths, duty cycles, and case temperatures, the peak allowable drain current (I_{DM}) may be calculated with the aid of the following equation:

$$I_{DM} = I_{D}(25^{\circ}C) \left[\frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{C}}{P_{D} \cdot R_{\theta}JC \cdot r(t)} \right]$$

where

 $I_D(25^{\circ}C)$ = the dc drain current at $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ from Figure 9.

 $T_{J(max)}$ = rated maximum junction temperature.

T_C = device case temperature.

 P_D = rated power dissipation at T_C = 25°C. $R_{\theta JC}$ = rated steady state thermal resistance

r(t) = normalized thermal response from Figures 11

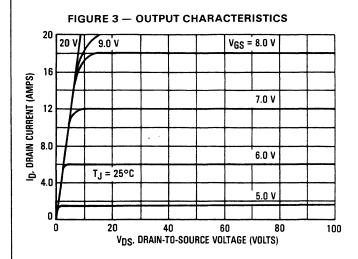
and 12.

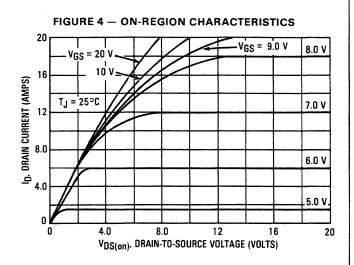
SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA

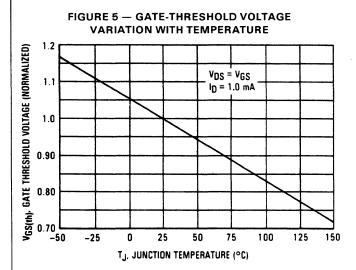
The switching safe operating area (SOA) of Figure 10, is the boundary that the load line may traverse without incurring damage to the MOSFET. The fundamental limits are the peak current, I_{DM} and the breakdown voltage, $V_{(BR)DSS}$. The switching SOA shown in Figure 10 is applicable for both turn-on and turn-off of the devices for switching times less than one microsecond.

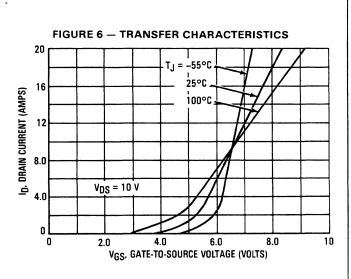
The power averaged over a complete switching cycle must be less than:

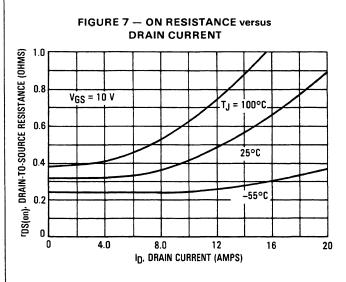
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

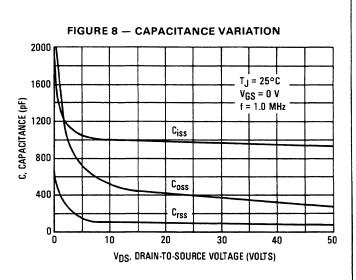












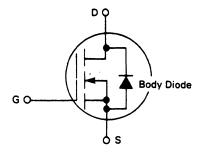


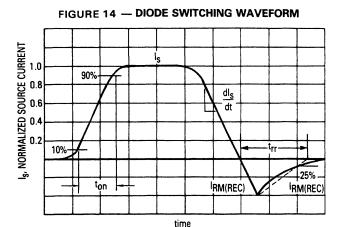
TMOS SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE CHARACTERISTICS

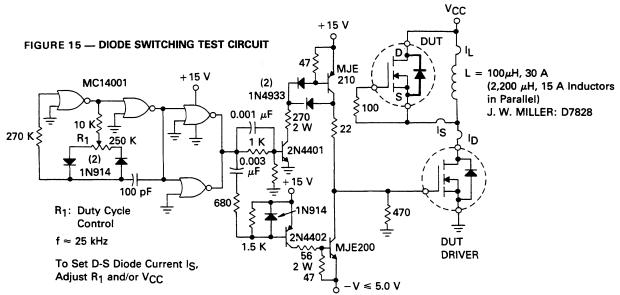
In the fabrication of a TMOS FET, a diode is formed across the source-to-drain terminals as shown in Figure 13. Reversal of the drain voltage will cause current flow in the reverse direction. This

diode is formed across the higher 13. Reversal of the diodes, therefore, typical characteristics of the on voltage, forward turn-on and reverse recovery times are given.

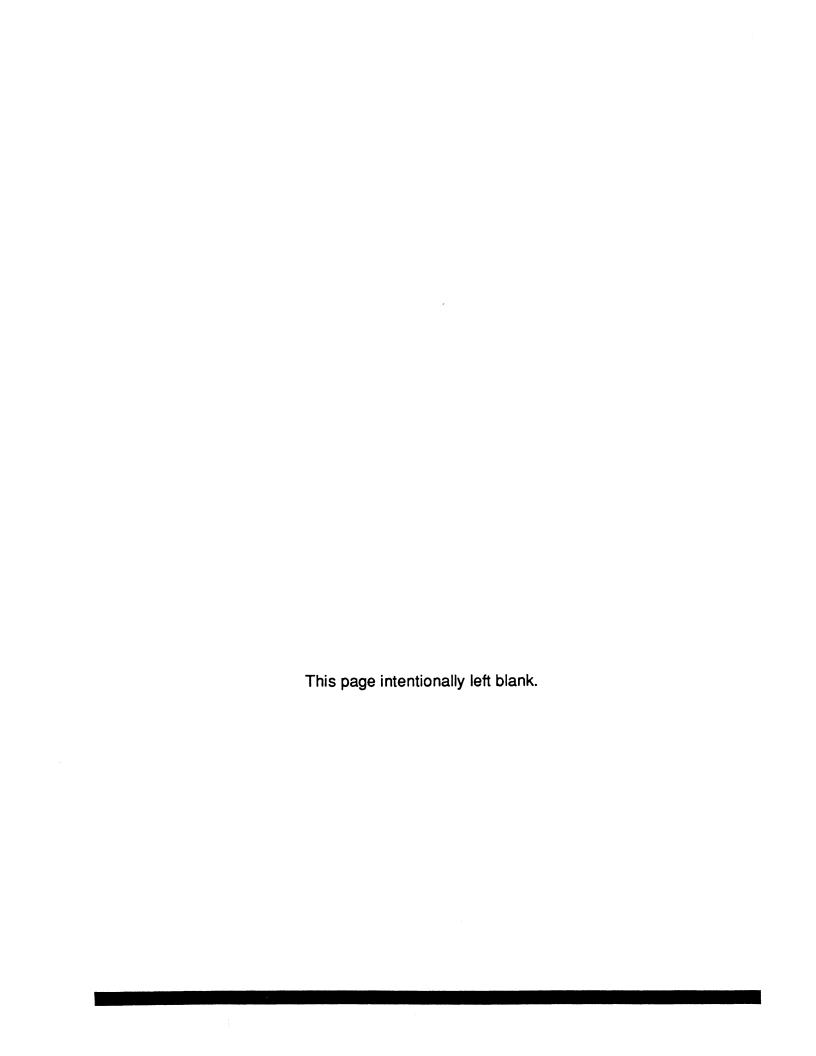
FIGURE 13 — TMOS FET WITH SOURCE-TO-DRAIN DIODE







NOTE: DUT is Shown as an N-Channel TMOS but can also be a P-Channel when appropriately connected. DUT Driver is the same device as DUT Diode (or Complement for P-Channel DUT Diode)



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