

INA6006AP1

FOR LOW FREQUENCY AMPLIFY APPLICATION
SILICON PNP EPITAXIAL TYPE

DESCRIPTION

INA6006AP1 is a silicon PNP transistor.

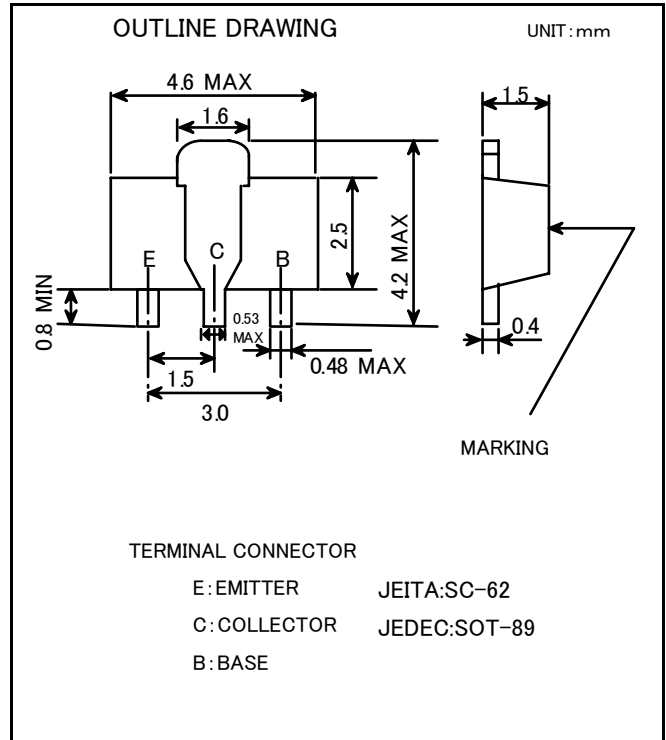
It is designed with high voltage.

FEATURE

- Small package for easy mounting.
- High voltage $V_{CEO} = -150V$
- Low voltage $V_{CE(sat)} = -0.5V(\text{MAX})$
- Complementary : INC6006AP1

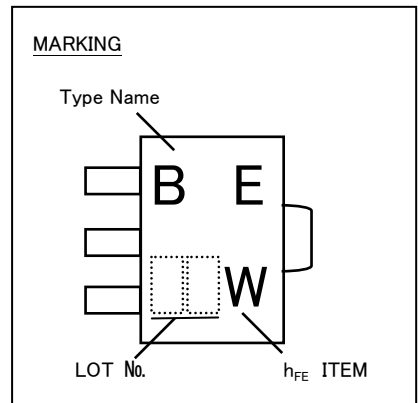
APPLICATION

High voltage switching.



MAXIMUM RATING (Ta=25°C)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | RATING | UNIT |
|-----------|---------------------------------|------------|------|
| V_{CBO} | Collector to Base voltage | -160 | V |
| V_{EBO} | Emitter to Base voltage | -5 | V |
| V_{CEO} | Collector to Emitter voltage | -150 | V |
| I_{CM} | Peak collector current | -200 | mA |
| I_C | Collector current | -100 | mA |
| P_C | Collector dissipation (Ta=25°C) | 500 | mW |
| T_J | Junction temperature | +150 | °C |
| T_{stg} | Storage temperature | -55 ~ +150 | °C |



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C)

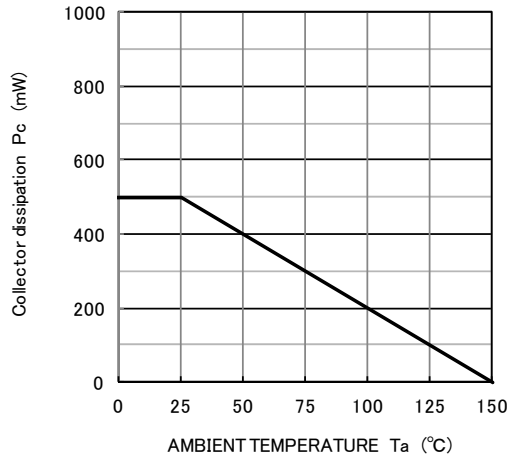
| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | LIMITS | | | UNIT |
|---------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-----|-------|------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| $V_{(BR)CBO}$ | C to B break down voltage | $I_C = -100 \mu A, I_E = 0mA$ | -160 | - | - | V |
| $V_{(BR)EBO}$ | E to B break down voltage | $I_E = -10 \mu A, I_C = 0mA$ | -5 | - | - | V |
| $V_{(BR)CEO}$ | C to E break down voltage | $I_C = -1mA, R_{BE} = \infty$ | -150 | - | - | V |
| I_{CBO} | Collector cut off current | $V_{CB} = -120V, I_E = 0mA$ | - | - | -100 | nA |
| I_{EBO} | Emitter cut off current | $V_{EB} = -3V, I_C = 0mA$ | - | - | -100 | nA |
| hFE1 | DC forward current gain1 | $V_{CE} = -5V, I_C = -1mA$ | 45 | - | - | - |
| hFE2 | DC forward current gain2 | $V_{CE} = -5V, I_C = -10mA$ | 90 | - | 270 | - |
| hFE3 | DC forward current gain3 | $V_{CE} = -5V, I_C = -50mA$ | 45 | - | - | - |
| VCE(sat)1 | C to E saturation voltage1 | $I_C = -10mA, I_B = -1mA$ | - | - | -0.2 | V |
| VCE(sat)2 | C to E saturation voltage2 | $I_C = -50mA, I_B = -5mA$ | - | - | -0.5 | V |
| VBE(sat)1 | B to E saturation voltage1 | $I_C = -10mA, I_B = -1mA$ | - | - | -1.0 | V |
| VBE(sat)2 | B to E saturation voltage2 | $I_C = -50mA, I_B = -5mA$ | - | - | -1.0 | V |
| VBE(on) | B to E on voltage | $V_{CE} = -5V, I_C = -10mA$ | - | - | -0.77 | V |
| fT | Gain bandwidth product | $V_{CE} = -10V, I_E = 10mA$ | 100 | - | 300 | MHz |
| Cob | Collector output capacitance | $V_{CB} = -10V, I_E = 0mA, f = 1MHz$ | - | 2.8 | 6 | pF |

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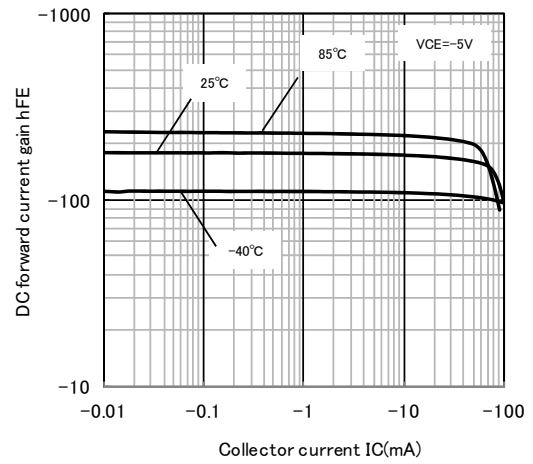
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

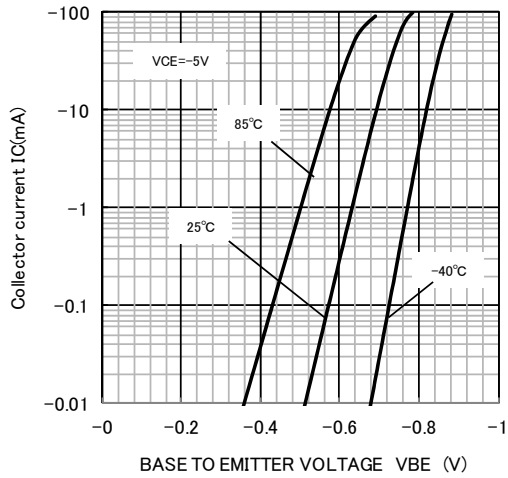
Collector dissipation-AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



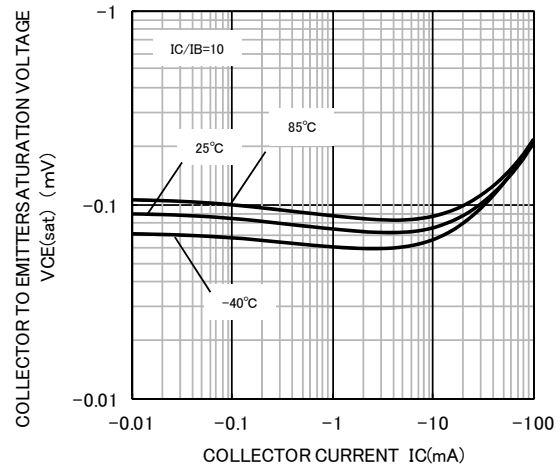
DC forward current gain VS. Collector current



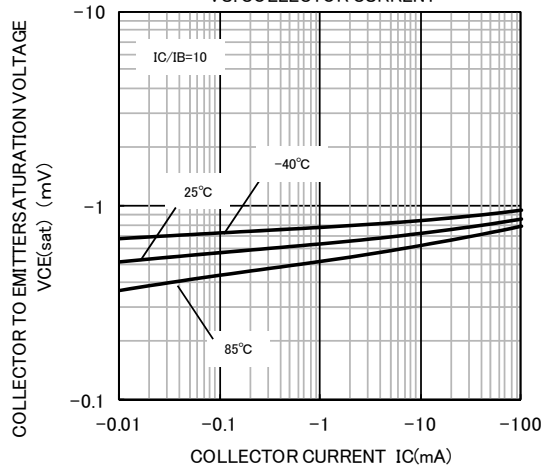
COMMON EMITTER TRANSFER



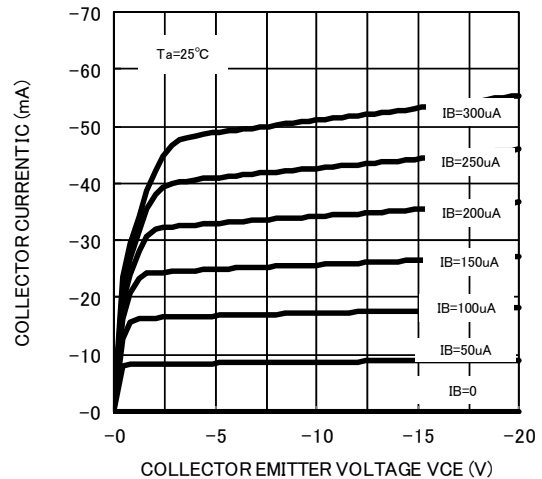
COLLECTOR TO EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



BASE TO EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



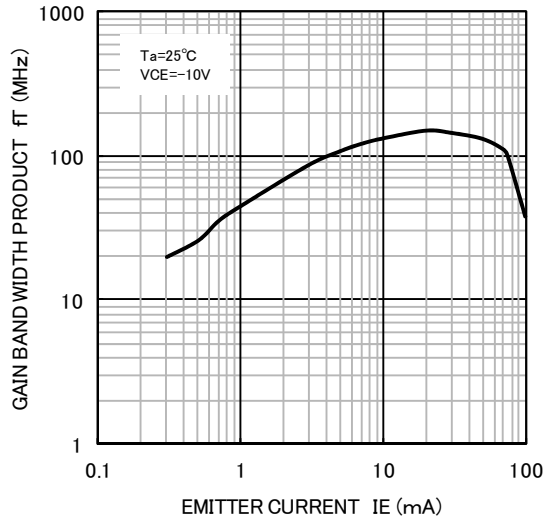
COMMON EMITTER OUTPUT



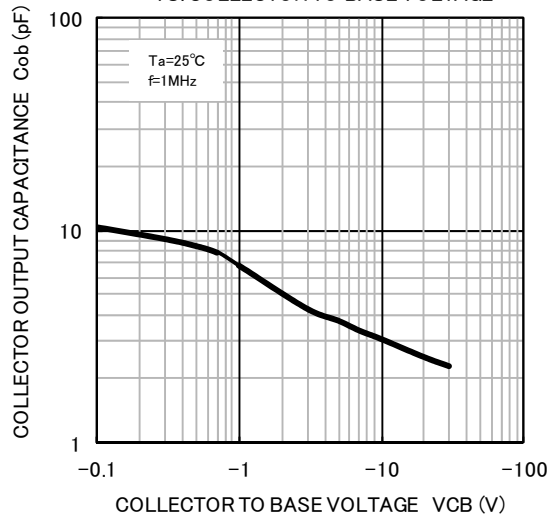
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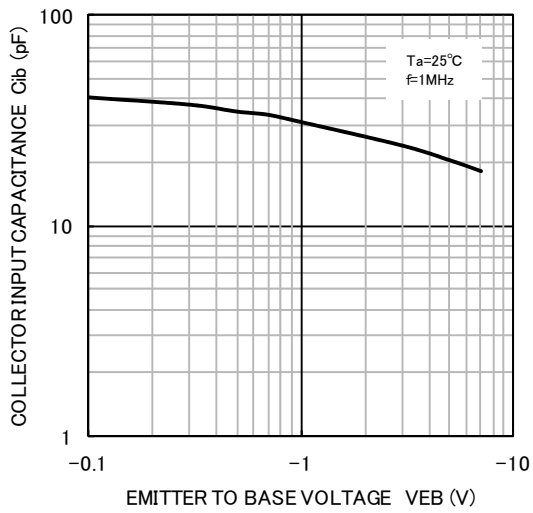
GAIN BAND WIDTH PRODUCT
VS. EMITTER CURRENT



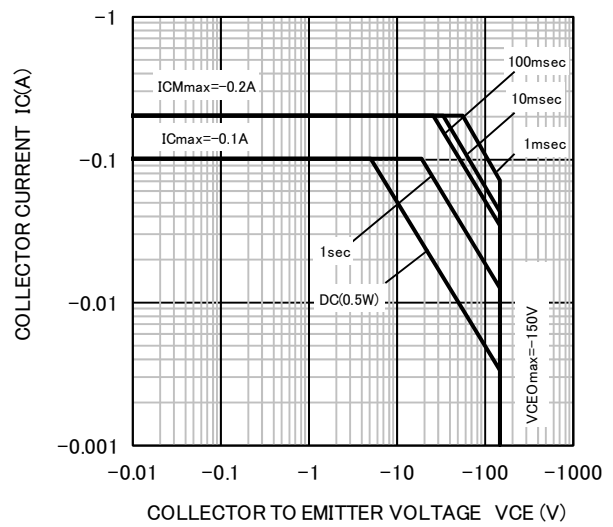
COLLECTOR OUTPUT CAPACITANCE
VS. COLLECTOR TO BASE VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR INPUT CAPACITANCE
VS. BASE TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



Ta=25°C
single pulse ASO





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