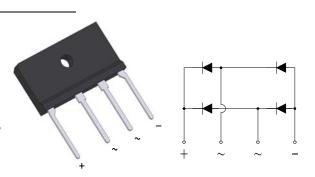


# **GBJL15J THRU GBJL15M**

Glass Passivated Single-Phase Bridge Rectifier Reverse Voltage - 600V to 1000V Forward Current - 15.0 Amperes

### **Features**

- ◆ Thin Single In-Line package;
- ◆ Ideal for printed circuit boards;
- ◆ Glass Passivated chip junction;
- ◆ Low profile package;
- High Surge current capability;
- ◆ High case dielectric strength of 2500 V<sub>RMS</sub>;
- Plastic package has Underwrites Laboratory Flammability Classification 94V-0;
- Same footprint V.S GBJ package;

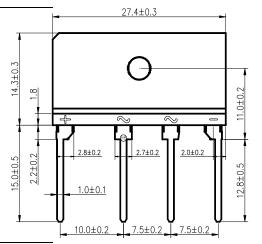


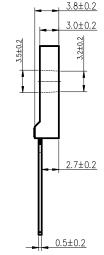


ROHS

### **Mechanical Data**

- ◆ Case: GBJL;
  - Epoxy meets UL-94V-0 Flammability rating;
- ◆ Terminals:Matte tin plated leads, solderable per J-STD-002 and JESD22-B102; E3 suffix for customer grade, meet JESD 201;
- ◆ High temperature soldering guaranteed: Solder Dip 270°C,10seconds;
- Polarity: As marked on body;
- ◆ Mounting Torgue: 10cm-kg (8.8inches-lbs) max;
- Recommend Torgue: Mounting Torgue:
   5.7cm-kg (5inches-lbs);





## **Typical Applications**

General purpose use in AC-to-DC bridge full wave rectification for Switching Power Supply, Home Appliances, Office Equipment, Industrial Automation applications.

Package Dimensions in mm

## **Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics**

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter   | Symbol                               | GBJL15J                                 | GBJL15K     | GBJL15M | Unit               |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|---------|--------------------|
| Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage   | V <sub>RRM</sub>                     | 600                                     | 800         | 1000    | ٧                  |
| Maximum RMS voltage   | V <sub>RMS</sub>                     | 420                                     | 560         | 700     | V                  |
| Maximum DC blocking voltage   | V <sub>DC</sub>                      | 600                                     | 800         | 1000    | V                  |
| Maximum average forward $T_c$ =110 $^{\circ}$ Crectified output current at $T_A$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C | I <sub>F(AV)</sub>                   | 15 <sup>(1)</sup><br>3.2 <sup>(2)</sup> |             |         | Amps               |
| Peak forward surge current 8.3 ms single sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)      | I <sub>FSM</sub>                     | 240                                     |             |         | Amps               |
| Rating for fusing (t<8.3ms)   | l <sup>2</sup> t                     | 240                                     |             |         | A <sup>2</sup> sec |
| Maximum Instantaneous forward voltage drop per leg at 7.5A  | V <sub>F</sub>                       | 1.0                                     |             |         | Volt               |
| Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated $T_A$ =25 °CDC Blocking Voltage per leg $T_A$ =125 °C         | I <sub>R</sub>                       | 5<br>150                                |             |         | μΑ                 |
| Typical thermal resistance per leg  | R <sub>eJA</sub><br>R <sub>eJC</sub> | 22 <sup>(2)</sup><br>2.5 <sup>(1)</sup> |             |         | °C/ <b>W</b>       |
| Operating junction and Storage Temperature Range  | T <sub>J</sub> ,T <sub>STG</sub>     |   | -55 to +150 |         | Ç                  |

#### Notes:

- 1). Unit case mounted on Al plate heatsink;
- 2). Units mounted on PCB without heatsink;
- 3). Recommended mounting position is to bolt down on heatsink with silicone thermal compound for maximum heat transfer with #6 screw.



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Glass Passivated Single-Phase Bridge Rectifier
Reverse Voltage - 600V to 1000V
Forward Current - 15.0 Amperes

### **RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**

(T<sub>A</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

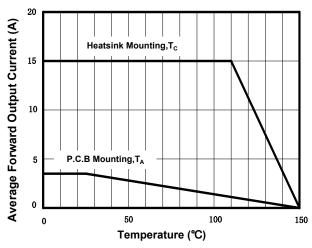


Figure 1. Derating Curve Output Rectified Current

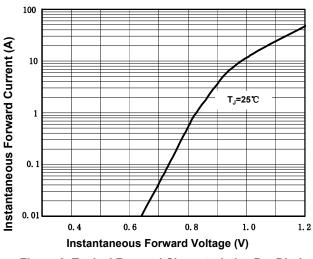


Figure 3. Typical Forward Characteristics Per Diode

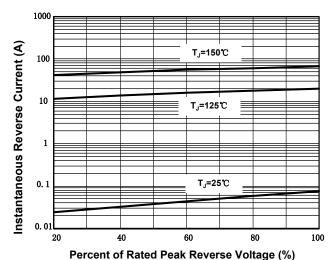


Figure 5. Typical Reverse Characteristics Per Diode

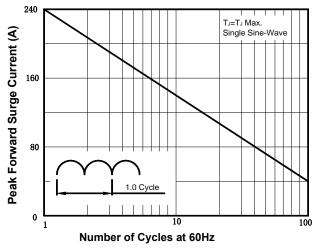


Figure 2. Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current per Diode

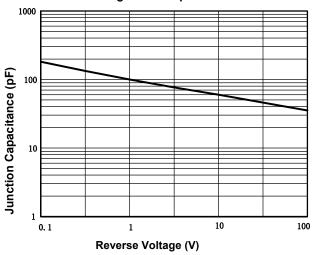


Figure 4. Typical Junction Capacitance Per Diode