

BF 167

SILICON PLANAR NPN

TV AGC IF AMPLIFIER

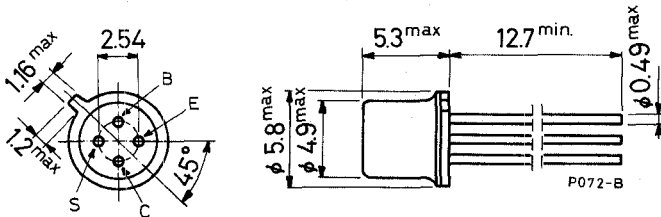
The BF 167 is a silicon planar NPN transistor in a TO-72 metal case. It is particularly designed for use in forward AGC IF amplifiers of TV receivers. It is characterized by very low feedback capacitance due to a screening diffusion under the base pad.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{CES}	Collector-emitter voltage ($V_{BE} = 0$)	40	V
V_{CEO}	Collector-emitter voltage ($I_B = 0$)	30	V
V_{EBO}	Emitter-base voltage ($I_C = 0$)	4	V
I_C	Collector current	25	mA
P_{tot}	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	150	mW
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_j	Junction temperature	175	$^\circ\text{C}$

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



(sim. to TO-72)

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THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	1000 °C/W
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{CES} Collector cutoff current ($V_{BE} = 0$)	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$			50 5	nA μA
$V_{(BR)\ CES}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ($V_{BE} = 0$)	$I_C = 10\text{ μA}$	40			V
$V_{(BR)\ CEO}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ($I_B = 0$)	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	30			V
$V_{(BR)\ EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage ($I_C = 0$)	$I_E = 10\text{ μA}$	4			V
V_{BE}^* Base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		0.74		V
h_{FE}^* DC current gain	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	30	35 45 20		— — —
f_T Transition frequency	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$		600		MHz
$-C_{re}$ Reverse capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0.15		pF
NF Noise figure	$I_C = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $R_g = 100\text{ Ω}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$		3		dB
G_{De}^{**} Power gain	$I_E = 4\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $f = 36\text{ MHz}$	24	28		dB

* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 μs, duty factor = 1%

** See test circuit

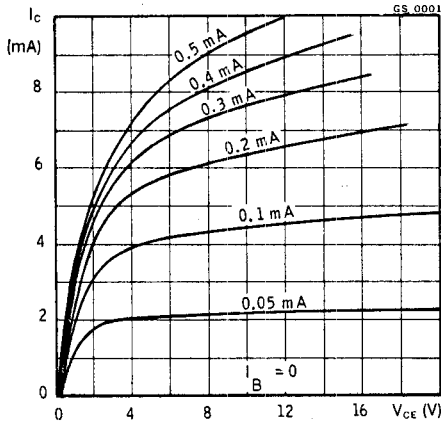
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

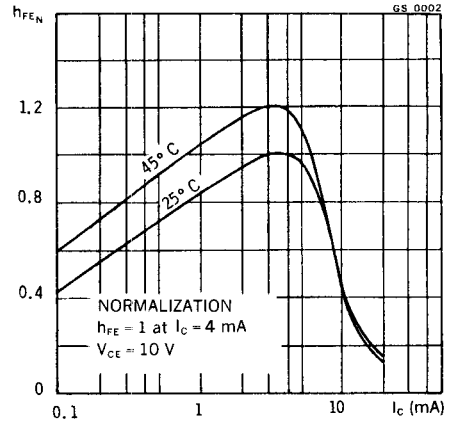
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
ΔG_{pe} Power gain control	$V_{EE} = -25 \text{ V}$ $R_{EE} = 3.9 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 36 \text{ MHz}$		60		dB
g_{ie} Input conductance	$I_C = 4 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 36 \text{ MHz}$		3.8		mS
b_{ie} Input susceptance	$I_C = 4 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 36 \text{ MHz}$		5		mS
g_{fe} Forward transconductance	$I_C = 4 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 36 \text{ MHz}$		95		mS
b_{fe} Forward transsusceptance	$I_C = 4 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 36 \text{ MHz}$		34		mS
g_{oe} Output conductance	$I_C = 4 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 36 \text{ MHz}$		62		μS
b_{oe} Output susceptance	$I_C = 4 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 36 \text{ MHz}$		270		μS

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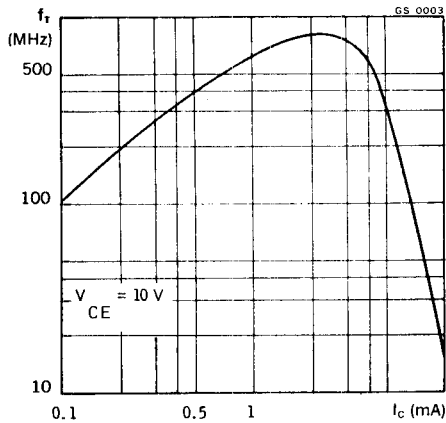
Typical output characteristics



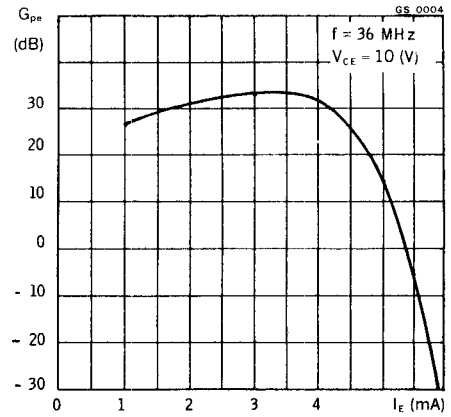
DC normalized current gain



Transition frequency

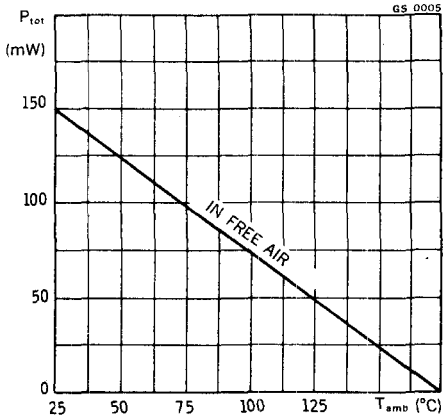


Power gain



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Power rating chart



TEST CIRCUIT

Power gain ($f = 36$ MHz)

