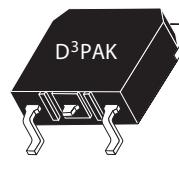
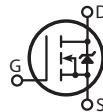


N-Channel FREDFET

Power MOS 8™ is a high speed, high voltage N-channel switch-mode power MOSFET. This 'FREDFET' version has a drain-source (body) diode that has been optimized for high reliability in ZVS phase shifted bridge and other circuits through reduced t_{rr} , soft recovery, and high recovery dv/dt capability. Low gate charge, high gain, and a greatly reduced ratio of C_{rss}/C_{iss} result in excellent noise immunity and low switching loss. The intrinsic gate resistance and capacitance of the poly-silicon gate structure help control di/dt during switching, resulting in low EMI and reliable paralleling, even when switching at very high frequency.



APT4F120S



Single die FREDFET

FEATURES

- Fast switching with low EMI
- Low t_{rr} for high reliability
- Ultra low C_{rss} for improved noise immunity
- Low gate charge
- Avalanche energy rated
- RoHS compliant 

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- ZVS phase shifted and other full bridge
- Half bridge
- PFC and other boost converter
- Buck converter
- Single and two switch forward
- Flyback

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
I_D	Continuous Drain Current @ $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	4	A
	Continuous Drain Current @ $T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$	3	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ^①	15	
V_{GS}	Gate - Source Voltage	±30	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ^②	310	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current, Repetitive or Non-Repetitive	2	A

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Max
P_D	Total Power Dissipation @ $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	175	W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case Thermal Resistance	-	-	0.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case to Sink Thermal Resistance, Flat, Greased Surface	-	.11	-	
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55	-	-	°C
W_T	Package Weight	-	0.14	-	oz
		-	3.95	-	g

Static Characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

APT4F120S

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{BR(DSS)}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	1200			V
$\Delta V_{BR(DSS)}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$		1.41		$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain-Source On Resistance ^①	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 2\text{A}$		3.42	4.2	Ω
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 0.5\text{mA}$	2.5	4	5	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient			-10		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 1200\text{V}$			250	μA
		$V_{GS} = 0V$			1000	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 30V$			± 100	nA

Dynamic Characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 50\text{V}, I_D = 2\text{A}$		4.5		S
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance			1385		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$		17		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			100		
$C_{o(cr)}^{④}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Charge Related			40		
$C_{o(er)}^{⑤}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to 800V		20		
Q_g	Total Gate Charge			43		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge	$V_{GS} = 0$ to $10V, I_D = 2\text{A}$, $V_{DS} = 600\text{V}$		7		
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge			20		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time			7.4		ns
t_r	Current Rise Time			4.4		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 800\text{V}, I_D = 2\text{A}$ $R_G = 10\Omega$ ^⑥ , $V_{GG} = 15\text{V}$		24		
t_f	Current Fall Time			6.9		

Source-Drain Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_s	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode (body diode)			4	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ^①				15	
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_{SD} = 2\text{A}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, V_{GS} = 0V$		0.8	1.3	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD} = 2\text{A}^{③}$, $di_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} = 100\text{V}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	170	195	nS
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	330	400	
I_{rm}	Reverse Recovery Current		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$.510		μC
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.0		
			$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	6.0		A
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	8.3		
dv/dt	Peak Recovery dv/dt	$I_{SD} \leq 2\text{A}, di/dt \leq 1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DD} = 800\text{V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			20	V/ns

^① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width and case temperature limited by maximum junction temperature.

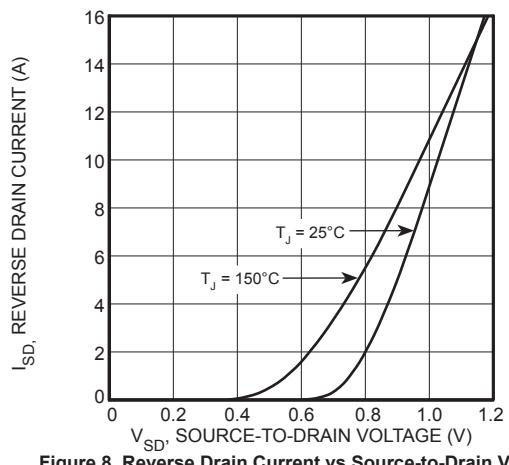
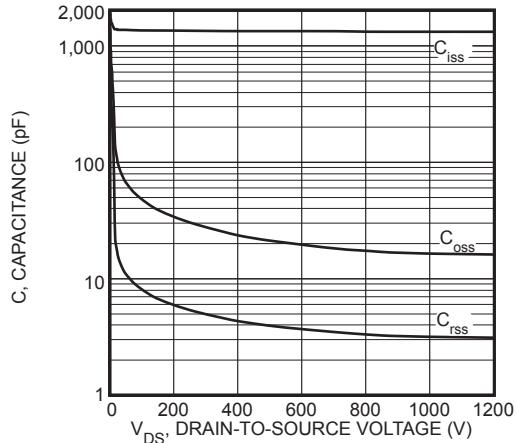
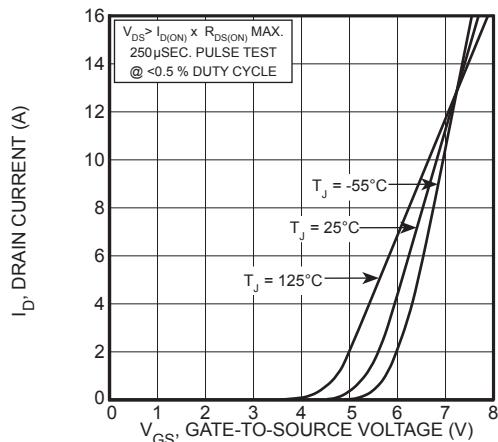
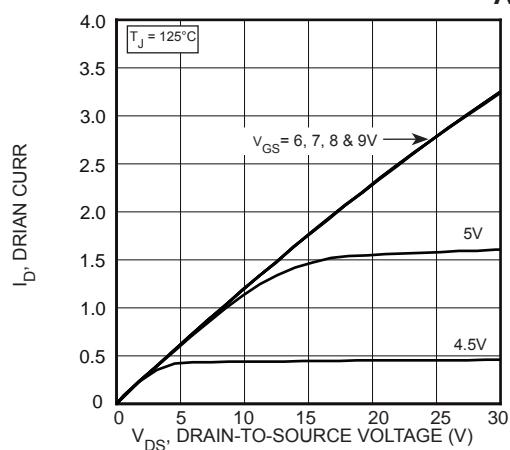
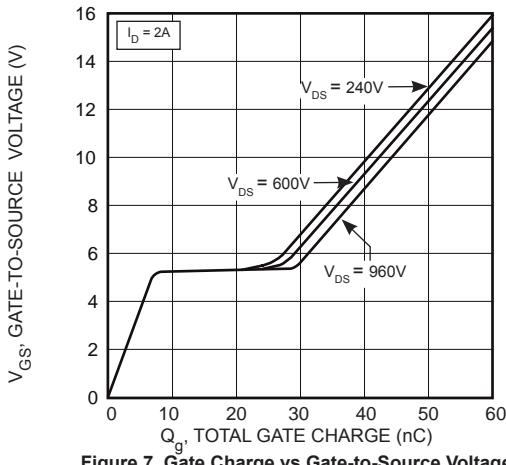
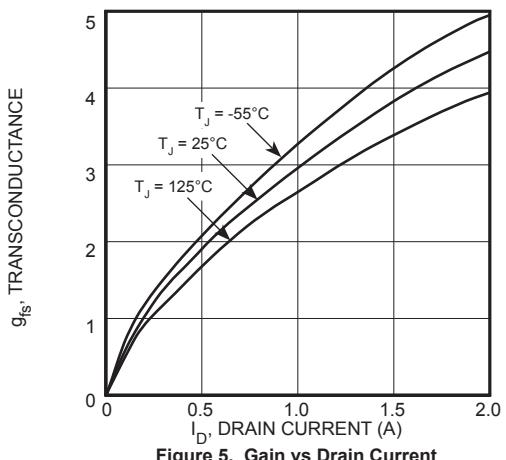
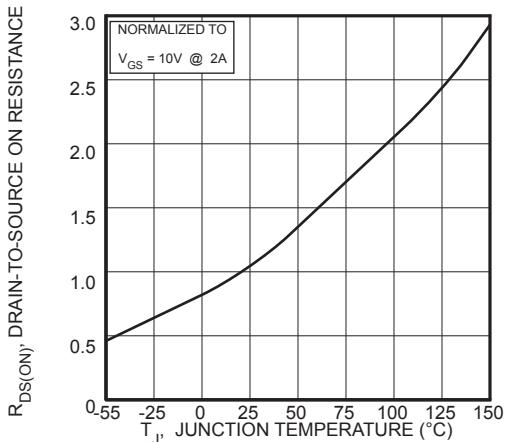
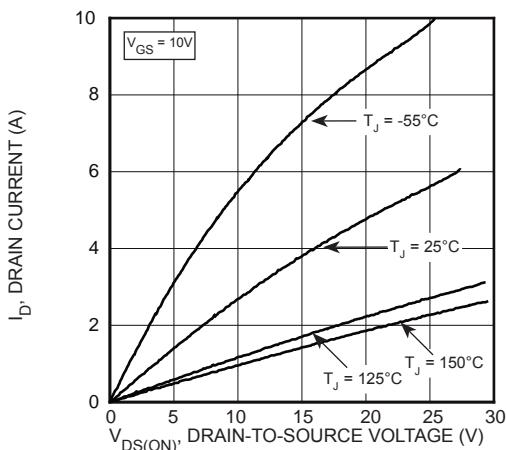
^② Starting at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 155.0\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 2\text{A}$.

^③ Pulse test: Pulse Width < $380\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle < 2%.

^④ $C_{o(cr)}$ is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored charge as C_{oss} with $V_{DS} = 67\%$ of $V_{(BR)DSS}$.

^⑤ $C_{o(er)}$ is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored energy as C_{oss} with $V_{DS} = 67\%$ of $V_{(BR)DSS}$. To calculate $C_{o(er)}$ for any value of V_{DS} less than $V_{(BR)DSS}$, use this equation: $C_{o(er)} = -8.32E-8/V_{DS}^2 + 3.49E-8/V_{DS} + 1.30E-10$.

^⑥ R_G is external gate resistance, not including internal gate resistance or gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)



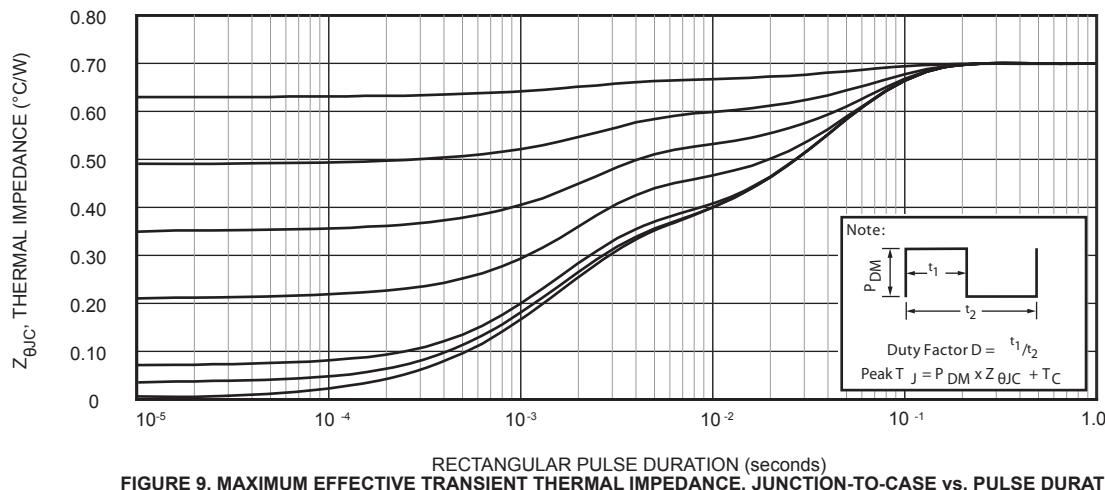
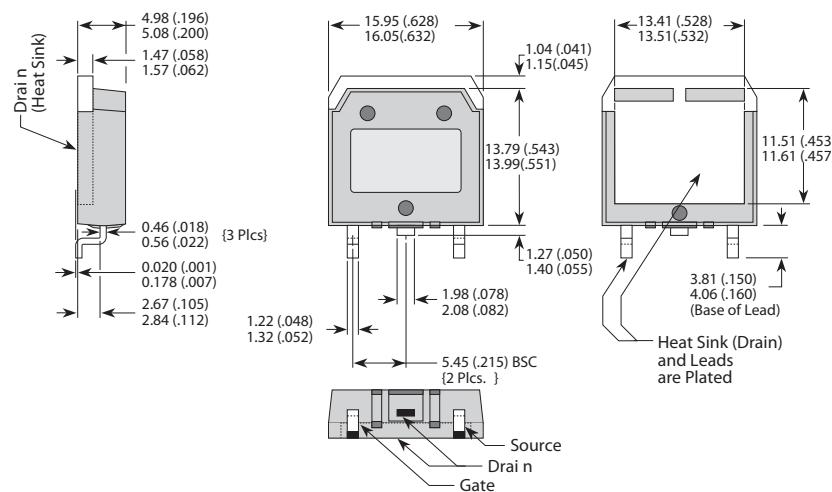


FIGURE 9. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs. PULSE DURATION

D³PAK Package Outline

(e3) 100% Sn Plated



Dimensions in Millimeters (Inches)